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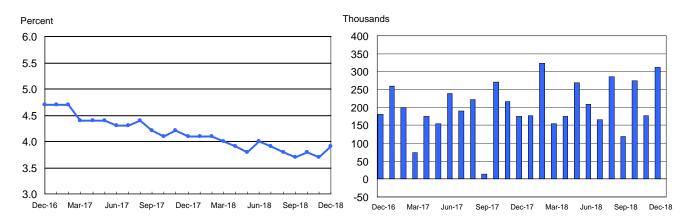
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#### THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION — DECEMBER 2018

Total **nonfarm payroll employment** increased by 312,000 in December, and the **unemployment rate** rose to 3.9 percent, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Job gains occurred in health care, food services and drinking places, construction, manufacturing, and retail trade.

Chart 1. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, December 2016 – December 2018

Chart 2. Nonfarm payroll employment over-the-month change, seasonally adjusted, December 2016 – December 2018



#### Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Household Survey Data

Seasonally adjusted household survey data have been revised using updated seasonal adjustment factors, a procedure done at the end of each calendar year. Seasonally adjusted estimates back to January 2014 were subject to revision. The unemployment rates for January 2018 through November 2018 (as originally published and as revised) appear in table A on page 5, along with additional information about the revisions.

#### **Household Survey Data**

The **unemployment rate** rose by 0.2 percentage point to 3.9 percent in December, and the number of **unemployed persons** increased by 276,000 to 6.3 million. A year earlier, the jobless rate was 4.1 percent, and the number of unemployed persons was 6.6 million. (See table A-1.)

Among the **major worker groups**, the unemployment rates for adult men (3.6 percent) and Blacks (6.6 percent) increased in December. The jobless rates for adult women (3.5 percent), teenagers (12.5 percent), Whites (3.4 percent), Asians (3.3 percent), and Hispanics (4.4 percent) showed little or no change over the month. (See tables A-1, A-2, and A-3.)

Among the unemployed, the number of **job leavers** increased by 142,000 in December to 839,000. Job leavers are unemployed persons who quit or otherwise voluntarily left their previous job and immediately began looking for new employment. (See table A-11.)

In December, the number of **long-term unemployed** (those jobless for 27 weeks or more) was little changed at 1.3 million and accounted for 20.5 percent of the unemployed. Over the year, the number of long-term unemployed was down by 205,000. (See table A-12.)

The **labor force participation rate**, at 63.1 percent, changed little in December, and the **employment-population ratio** was 60.6 percent for the third consecutive month. Both measures were up by 0.4 percentage point over the year. (See table A-1.)

The number of persons employed **part time for economic reasons** (sometimes referred to as involuntary part-time workers), at 4.7 million, changed little in December but was down by 329,000 over the year. These individuals, who would have preferred full-time employment, were working part time because their hours had been reduced or they were unable to find full-time jobs. (See table A-8.)

In December, 1.6 million persons were **marginally attached to the labor force**, little changed from a year earlier. (Data are not seasonally adjusted.) These individuals were not in the labor force, wanted and were available for work, and had looked for a job sometime in the prior 12 months. They were not counted as unemployed because they had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey. (See table A-16.)

Among the marginally attached, there were 375,000 **discouraged workers** in December, down by 99,000 from a year earlier. (Data are not seasonally adjusted.) Discouraged workers are persons not currently looking for work because they believe no jobs are available for them. The remaining 1.2 million persons marginally attached to the labor force in December had not searched for work for reasons such as school attendance or family responsibilities. (See table A-16.)

#### **Establishment Survey Data**

Total **nonfarm payroll employment** increased by 312,000 in December. Job gains occurred in health care, food services and drinking places, construction, manufacturing, and retail trade. Payroll employment rose by 2.6 million in 2018, compared with a gain of 2.2 million in 2017. (See table B-1.)

Employment in **health care** rose by 50,000 in December. Within the industry, job gains occurred in ambulatory health care services (+38,000) and hospitals (+7,000). Health care added 346,000 jobs in 2018, more than the gain of 284,000 jobs in 2017.

In December, employment in **food services and drinking places** increased by 41,000. Over the year, the industry added 235,000 jobs, similar to the increase in 2017 (+261,000).

Construction employment rose by 38,000 in December, with job gains in heavy and civil engineering construction (+16,000) and nonresidential specialty trade construction (+16,000). The construction industry added 280,000 jobs in 2018, compared with an increase of 250,000 in 2017.

**Manufacturing** added 32,000 jobs in December. Most of the gain occurred in the durable goods component (+19,000), with job growth in fabricated metal products (+7,000) and in computer and electronic products (+4,000). Employment in the nondurable goods component also increased over the month (+13,000). Manufacturing employment increased by 284,000 over the year, with about three-fourths of the gain in durable goods industries. Manufacturing had added 207,000 jobs in 2017.

In December, employment in **retail trade** rose by 24,000. Job growth occurred in general merchandise stores (+15,000) and automobile dealers (+6,000). These gains were partially offset by a job loss in sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores (-9,000). Retail trade employment increased by 92,000 in 2018, after little net change in 2017 (-29,000).

Over the month, employment in **professional and business services** continued to trend up (+43,000). The industry added 583,000 jobs in 2018, outpacing the 458,000 jobs added in 2017.

Employment in other major industries, including **mining**, **wholesale trade**, **transportation and warehousing**, **information**, **financial activities**, and **government**, showed little change over the month.

The **average workweek for all employees** on private nonfarm payrolls increased by 0.1 hour to 34.5 hours in December. In manufacturing, both the workweek and overtime increased by 0.1 hour to 40.9 hours and 3.6 hours, respectively. The average workweek for **production and nonsupervisory employees** on private nonfarm payrolls held at 33.7 hours. (See tables B-2 and B-7.)

In December, **average hourly earnings for all employees** on private nonfarm payrolls rose 11 cents to \$27.48. Over the year, average hourly earnings have increased by 84 cents, or 3.2 percent. Average hourly earnings of private-sector **production and nonsupervisory employees** increased by 9 cents to \$23.05 in December. (See tables B-3 and B-8.)

The change in total nonfarm payroll employment for November was revised up from +155,000 to +176,000, and the change for October was revised up from +237,000 to +274,000. With these revisions, employment gains in October and November combined were 58,000 more than previously reported. (Monthly revisions result from additional reports received from businesses and government agencies since the last published estimates and from the recalculation of seasonal factors.) After revisions, job gains have averaged 254,000 per month over the last 3 months.

The Employment Situation for January is scheduled to be released on Friday, February 1, 2019, at 8:30 a.m. (EST).

#### **Upcoming Changes to the Household Survey**

Effective with the release of The Employment Situation for January 2019 on February 1, 2019, new population controls will be used in the household survey estimation process. These new controls reflect the annual updating of intercensal population estimates by the U.S. Census Bureau. In accordance with usual practice, historical data will not be revised to incorporate the new controls; consequently, household survey data for January 2019 will not be directly comparable with data for December 2018 or earlier periods. A table showing the effects of the new controls on the major labor force series will be included in the January 2019 news release.

### **Upcoming Revisions of Establishment Survey Data**

Effective with the release of The Employment Situation for January 2019 on February 1, 2019, the establishment survey will introduce revisions to nonfarm payroll employment, hours, and earnings data to reflect the annual benchmark process and updated seasonal adjustment factors. Not seasonally adjusted data beginning with April 2017 and seasonally adjusted data beginning with January 2014 are subject to revision. Consistent with standard practice, additional historical data are subject to revision as a result of the benchmark process.

#### Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Household Survey Data

At the end of each calendar year, BLS routinely updates the seasonal adjustment factors for the labor force series derived from the household survey. As a result of this process, seasonally adjusted data for January 2014 through November 2018 were subject to revision. (Not seasonally adjusted data were not subject to revision.)

Table A shows the unemployment rates for January 2018 through November 2018, as first published and as revised. The rates changed by one-tenth of a percentage point in 3 of the 11 months and were unchanged in the remaining 8 months. Revised seasonally adjusted data for other major labor force series beginning in December 2017 appear in table B.

More information on this year's revisions to seasonally adjusted series is available at www.bls.gov/web/empsit/cps-seas-adjustment-methodology.pdf. Detailed information on the seasonal adjustment methodology can be found at www.bls.gov/cps/seasonal-adjustment-methodology.htm.

Historical data for the household series contained in the A tables of this news release can be accessed at www.bls.gov/cps/cpsatabs.htm. Revised historical seasonally adjusted data are available at www.bls.gov/cps/data.htm and https://download.bls.gov/pub/time.series/ln/.

Table A. Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates in 2018 and changes due to revision January - November 2018

Month	As first published	As revised	Change
January	4.1	4.1	0.0
February	4.1	4.1	.0
March	4.1	4.0	1
April	3.9	3.9	.0
May	3.8	3.8	.0
June	4.0	4.0	.0
July	3.9	3.9	.0
August	3.9	3.8	1
September	3.7	3.7	.0
October	3.7	3.8	.1
November	3.7	3.7	.0

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA**

Table B. Employment status of the civilian population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted [Numbers in thousands]

Foods and date of the last	2017						20	18					
Employment status, sex, and age	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	256,109	256,780	256,934	257,097	257,272	257,454	257,642	257,843	258,066	258,290	258,514	258,708	258,888
Civilian labor force	160,636	161,123	161,900	161,646	161,551	161,667	162,129	162,209	161,802	162,055	162,694	162,821	163,240
Participation rate	62.7	62.7	63.0	62.9	62.8	62.8	62.9	62.9	62.7	62.7	62.9	62.9	63.1
Employed	154,065	154,482	155,213	155,160	155,216	155,539	155,592	155,964	155,604	156,069	156,582	156,803	156,945
Employment-population ratio	60.2	60.2	60.4	60.4	60.3	60.4	60.4	60.5	60.3	60.4	60.6	60.6	60.6
Unemployed	6,572	6,641	6,687	6,486	6,335	6,128	6,537	6,245	6,197	5,986	6,112	6,018	6,294
Unemployment rate	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.9
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	115,292	115,669	115,748	115,832	115,921	116,017	116,115	116,220	116,328	116,437	116,546	116,646	116,739
Civilian labor force	82,594	82,915	83,258	83,149	83,163	83,257	83,103	83,019	83,044	83,104	83,277	83,408	83,500
Participation rate	71.6	71.7	71.9	71.8	71.7	71.8	71.6	71.4	71.4	71.4	71.5	71.5	71.5
Employed	79,493	79,719	80,186	80,091	80,108	80,299	80,006	80,217	80,149	80,251	80,388	80,633	80,501
Employment-population ratio	68.9	68.9	69.3	69.1	69.1	69.2	68.9	69.0	68.9	68.9	69.0	69.1	69.0
Unemployed	3,101	3,196	3,072	3,059	3,055	2,958	3,097	2,801	2,895	2,853	2,889	2,775	2,999
Unemployment rate	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.6
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	124,057	124,328	124,407	124,491	124,579	124,674	124,771	124,875	124,983	125,091	125,200	125,299	125,393
Civilian labor force	72,272	72,238	72,595	72,580	72,558	72,590	73,155	73,295	73,153	73,107	73,442	73,478	73,769
Participation rate	58.3	58.1	58.4	58.3	58.2	58.2	58.6	58.7	58.5	58.4	58.7	58.6	58.8
Employed	69,587	69,620	69,849	69,946	70,033	70,161	70,455	70,622	70,563	70,710	70,935	70,949	71,218
Employment-population ratio	56.1	56.0	56.1	56.2	56.2	56.3	56.5	56.6	56.5	56.5	56.7	56.6	56.8
Unemployed	2,686	2,618	2,746	2,634	2,525	2,429	2,701	2,673	2,590	2,398	2,507	2,529	2,550
Unemployment rate	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	16,760	16,783	16,778	16,774	16,771	16,763	16,755	16,748	16,755	16,762	16,768	16,763	16,756
Civilian labor force	5,771	5,970	6,047	5,916	5,829	5,820	5,871	5,896	5,604	5,843	5,974	5,935	5,971
Participation rate	34.4	35.6	36.0	35.3	34.8	34.7	35.0	35.2	33.4	34.9	35.6	35.4	35.6
Employed	4,985	5,143	5,178	5,123	5,074	5,079	5,131	5,125	4,892	5,108	5,258	5,221	5,226
Employment-population ratio	29.7	30.6	30.9	30.5	30.3	30.3	30.6	30.6	29.2	30.5	31.4	31.1	31.2
Unemployed	785	827	870	793	755	741	740	771	712	735	715	714	745
Unemployment rate	13.6	13.9	14.4	13.4	13.0	12.7	12.6	13.1	12.7	12.6	12.0	12.0	12.5
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<sup>1</sup>The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: Seasonally adjusted data have been revised to reflect updated seasonal adjustment factors.

#### Summary table A. Household data, seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Category	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Change from: Nov. 2018- Dec. 2018
Employment status					
Civilian noninstitutional population	256,109	258,514	258,708	258,888	180
Civilian labor force	160,636	162,694	162,821	163,240	419
Participation rate	62.7	62.9	62.9	63.1	0.2
Employed	154,065	156,582	156,803	156,945	142
Employment-population ratio	60.2	60.6	60.6	60.6	0.0
Unemployed	6,572	6,112	6,018	6,294	276
Unemployment rate	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.9	0.2
Not in labor force	95,473	95,821	95,886	95,649	-237
Unemployment rates					
Total, 16 years and over	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.9	0.2
Adult men (20 years and over)	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.6	0.3
Adult women (20 years and over)	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.5	0.1
Teenagers (16 to 19 years)	13.6	12.0	12.0	12.5	0.5
White	3.7	3.3	3.4	3.4	0.0
Black or African American	6.7	6.2	6.0	6.6	0.6
Asian	2.5	3.1	2.7	3.3	0.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	4.9	4.4	4.5	4.4	-0.1
Total, 25 years and over	3.4	3.1	3.0	3.1	0.1
Less than a high school diploma	6.3	5.9	5.6	5.8	0.2
High school graduates, no college	4.2	4.0	3.5	3.8	0.3
Some college or associate degree	3.6	3.0	3.1	3.3	0.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.1	-0.1
Reason for unemployment					
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3,249	2,858	2,842	2,903	61
Job leavers	726	731	697	839	142
Reentrants	1,985	1,914	1,880	1,958	78
New entrants	568	605	577	588	11
Duration of unemployment					
Less than 5 weeks	2,230	2,062	2,128	2,126	-2
5 to 14 weeks	1,984	1,845	1,842	2,027	185
15 to 26 weeks	892	859	865	897	32
27 weeks and over	1,511	1,370	1,259	1,306	47
Employed persons at work part time					
Part time for economic reasons	4,986	4,630	4,781	4,657	-124
Slack work or business conditions	3,081	2,837	2,882	2,891	9
Could only find part-time work	1,570	1,461	1,562	1,496	-66
Part time for noneconomic reasons	21,163	21,448	20,909	21,234	325
Persons not in the labor force (not seasonally adjusted)					
Marginally attached to the labor force	1,623	1,491	1,678	1,556	-
Discouraged workers	474	506	453	375	-

<sup>-</sup> Over-the-month changes are not displayed for not seasonally adjusted data.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA Summary table B. Establishment data, seasonally adjusted

Category	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>
EMPLOYMENT BY SELECTED INDUSTRY				
(Over-the-month change, in thousands) Total nonfarm	175	274	176	312
	173	281	173	301
Total private.		1	27	74
Goods-producing.	82	64	0	4
Mining and logging	1		1	1
Construction.	42	31	0	38
Manufacturing.	39	29	27	32
Durable goods <sup>1</sup>	29	19	14	19
Motor vehicles and parts	2.5	6.2	-1.4	1.8
Nondurable goods	10	10	13	13
Private service-providing	92	217	146	227
Wholesale trade	8.6	5.6	9.3	8.4
Retail trade	-25.9	0.1	29.2	23.8
Transportation and warehousing	8.7	16.7	28.9	2.2
Utilities	-0.2	1.4	0.6	0.5
Information	-4	7	-5	-1
Financial activities	8	10	1	6
Professional and business services <sup>1</sup>	31	56	44	43
Temporary help services	-1.0	15.8	10.5	10.3
Education and health services <sup>1</sup>	30	44	21	82
Health care and social assistance	30.9	47.8	31.3	57.9
Leisure and hospitality	31	67	18	55
Other services	5	9	-1	8
Government	1	-7	3	11
(3-month average change, in thousands)				
Total nonfarm	221	226	190	254
Total private.	223	222	190	252
WOMEN AND PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES AS A PERCENT OF ALL EMPLOYEES <sup>2</sup>				
Total nonfarm women employees	49.5	49.7	49.7	49.7
Total private women employees.	48.1	48.3	48.3	48.3
Total private worten employees	82.4	82.4	82.4	82.4
HOURS AND EARNINGS ALL EMPLOYEES	02.4	02.4	02.4	02.4
Total private				
Average weekly hours	34.5	34.5	34.4	34.5
Average weekly flours.  Average hourly earnings.	\$26.64	\$27.31	\$27.37	\$27.48
Average weekly earnings.	\$919.08	\$942.20	\$941.53	\$948.06
Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100) <sup>3</sup>	108.5	110.3	110.1	110.7
Over-the-month percent change.	0.2	0.5	-0.2	0.5
Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100) <sup>4</sup>	138.2	144.0	-0.2 144.1	145.4
		1	0.1	
Over-the-month percent change	0.5	0.7	0.1	0.9
DIFFUSION INDEX (Over 1-month span) <sup>5</sup>				
Total private (258 industries)	65.5	68.4	61.0	70.0
Manufacturing (76 industries).	68.4	62.5	62.5	67.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes other industries, not shown separately.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding annual average aggregate hours.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding annual average aggregate weekly payrolls.

Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.

### Frequently Asked Questions about Employment and Unemployment Estimates

### 1. Why are there two monthly measures of employment?

The household survey and establishment survey both produce sample-based estimates of employment, and both have strengths and limitations. The establishment survey employment series has a smaller margin of error on the measurement of month-to-month change than the household survey because of its much larger sample size. An over-the-month employment change of about 100,000 is statistically significant in the establishment survey, while the threshold for a statistically significant change in the household survey is about 500,000. However, the household survey has a more expansive scope than the establishment survey because it includes self-employed workers whose businesses are unincorporated, unpaid family workers, agricultural workers, and private household workers, who are excluded by the establishment survey. The household survey also provides estimates of employment for demographic groups. For more information on the differences between the two surveys, please visit https://www.bls.gov/web/empsit/ces\_cps\_trends.htm.

#### 2. Are undocumented immigrants counted in the surveys?

It is likely that both surveys include at least some undocumented immigrants. However, neither the establishment nor the household survey is designed to identify the legal status of workers. Therefore, it is not possible to determine how many are counted in either survey. The establishment survey does not collect data on the legal status of workers. The household survey does include questions which identify the foreign and native born, but it does not include questions about the legal status of the foreign born. Data on the foreign and native born are published each month in table A-7 of The Employment Situation news release.

#### 3. Why does the establishment survey have revisions?

The establishment survey revises published estimates to improve its data series by incorporating additional information that was not available at the time of the initial publication of the estimates. The establishment survey revises its initial monthly estimates twice, in the immediately succeeding 2 months, to incorporate additional sample receipts from respondents in the survey and recalculated seasonal adjustment factors. For more information on the monthly revisions, please visit https://www.bls.gov/ces/cesrevinfo.htm.

On an annual basis, the establishment survey incorporates a benchmark revision that re-anchors estimates to nearly complete employment counts available from unemployment insurance tax records. The benchmark helps to control for sampling and modeling errors in the estimates. For more information on the annual benchmark revision, please visit https://www.bls.gov/web/empsit/cesbmart.htm.

#### 4. Does the establishment survey sample include small firms?

Yes; about 40 percent of the establishment survey sample is comprised of business establishments with fewer than 20 employees. The establishment survey sample is designed to maximize the reliability of the statewide total nonfarm employment estimate; firms from all states, size classes, and industries are appropriately sampled to achieve that goal.

#### 5. Does the establishment survey account for employment from new businesses?

Yes; monthly establishment survey estimates include an adjustment to account for the net employment change generated by business births and deaths. The adjustment comes from an econometric model that forecasts the monthly net jobs impact of business births and deaths based on the actual past values of the net impact that can be observed with a lag from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. The establishment survey uses modeling rather than sampling for this purpose because the survey is not immediately able to bring new businesses into the sample. There is an unavoidable lag between the birth of a new firm and its appearance on the sampling frame and availability for selection. BLS adds new businesses to the survey twice a year.

# 6. Is the count of unemployed persons limited to just those people receiving unemployment insurance benefits?

No; the estimate of unemployment is based on a monthly sample survey of households. All persons who are without jobs and are actively seeking and available to work are included among the unemployed. (People on temporary layoff are included even if they do not actively seek work.) There is no requirement or question relating to unemployment insurance benefits in the monthly survey.

# 7. Does the official unemployment rate exclude people who want a job but are not currently looking for work?

Yes; however, there are separate estimates of persons outside the labor force who want a job, including those who are not currently looking because they believe no jobs are available (discouraged workers). In addition, alternative measures of labor underutilization (some of which include discouraged workers and other groups not officially counted as unemployed) are published each month in table A-15 of The Employment Situation news release. For more information about these alternative measures, please visit https://www.bls.gov/cps/lfcharacteristics.htm#altmeasures.

#### 8. How can unusually severe weather affect employment and hours estimates?

In the establishment survey, the reference period is the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Unusually severe weather is more likely to have an impact on average weekly hours than on employment. Average weekly hours are estimated for paid time during the pay period, including pay for holidays, sick leave, or other time off. The impact of severe weather on hours estimates typically, but not always, results in a reduction in average weekly hours. For example, some employees may be off work for part of the pay period and not receive pay for the time missed, while some workers, such as those dealing with cleanup or repair, may work extra hours.

Typically, it is not possible to precisely quantify the effect of extreme weather on payroll employment estimates. In order for severe weather conditions to reduce employment estimates, employees have to be off work without pay for the entire pay period. Employees who receive pay for any part of the pay period, even 1 hour, are counted in the payroll employment figures. For more information on how often employees are paid, please visit https://www.bls.gov/opub/btn/volume-3/how-frequently-do-private-businesses-pay-workers.htm.

In the household survey, the reference period is generally the calendar week that includes the 12th of the month. Persons who miss the entire week's work for weather-related events are counted as employed whether or not they are paid for the time off. The household survey collects data on the number of persons who had a job but were not at work due to bad weather. It also provides a measure of the number of persons who usually work full time but had reduced hours due to bad weather. Current and historical data are available on the household survey's most requested statistics page, please visit https://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/surveymost?ln.

#### **Technical Note**

This news release presents statistics from two major surveys, the Current Population Survey (CPS; household survey) and the Current Employment Statistics survey (CES; establishment survey). The household survey provides information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment that appears in the "A" tables, marked HOUSEHOLD DATA. It is a sample survey of about 60,000 eligible households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

The establishment survey provides information on employment, hours, and earnings of employees on nonfarm payrolls; the data appear in the "B" tables, marked ESTABLISHMENT DATA. BLS collects these data each month from the payroll records of a sample of nonagricultural business establishments. Each month the CES program surveys about 149,000 businesses and government agencies, representing approximately 651,000 individual worksites, in order to provide detailed industry data on employment, hours, and earnings of workers on nonfarm payrolls. The active sample includes approximately one-third of all nonfarm payroll employees.

For both surveys, the data for a given month relate to a particular week or pay period. In the household survey, the reference period is generally the calendar week that contains the 12th day of the month. In the establishment survey, the reference period is the pay period including the 12th, which may or may not correspond directly to the calendar week.

#### Coverage, definitions, and differences between surveys

Household survey. The sample is selected to reflect the entire civilian noninstitutional population. Based on responses to a series of questions on work and job search activities, each person 16 years and over in a sample household is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force.

People are classified as *employed* if they did any work at all as paid employees during the reference week; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm; or worked without pay at least 15 hours in a family business or farm. People are also counted as employed if they were temporarily absent from their jobs because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or personal reasons.

People are classified as *unemployed* if they meet all of the following criteria: they had no employment during the reference week; they were available for work at that time; and they made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons laid off from a job and expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The unemployment data derived from the household survey in no way depend upon the eligibility for or receipt of unemployment insurance benefits.

The civilian labor force is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. Those persons not classified as employed or unemployed are not in the labor force. The

unemployment rate is the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The labor force participation rate is the labor force as a percent of the population, and the employment-population ratio is the employed as a percent of the population. Additional information about the household survey can be found at https://www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm.

**Establishment survey**. The sample establishments are drawn from private nonfarm businesses such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as from federal, state, and local government entities. *Employees on nonfarm payrolls* are those who received pay for any part of the reference pay period, including persons on paid leave. Persons are counted in each job they hold. *Hours and earnings* data are produced for the private sector for all employees and for production and nonsupervisory employees. *Production and nonsupervisory* employees in manufacturing and mining and logging, construction workers in construction, and non-supervisory employees in private service-providing industries.

Industries are classified on the basis of an establishment's principal activity in accordance with the 2017 version of the North American Industry Classification System. Additional information about the establishment survey can be found at https://www.bls.gov/ces/.

**Differences in employment estimates.** The numerous conceptual and methodological differences between the household and establishment surveys result in important distinctions in the employment estimates derived from the surveys. Among these are:

- The household survey includes agricultural workers, self-employed workers whose businesses are unincorporated, unpaid family workers, and private household workers among the employed. These groups are excluded from the establishment survey.
- The household survey includes people on unpaid leave among the employed. The establishment survey does not.
- The household survey is limited to workers 16 years of age and older. The establishment survey is not limited by age.
- The household survey has no duplication of individuals, because individuals are counted only once, even if they hold more than one job. In the establishment survey, employees working at more than one job and thus appearing on more than one payroll are counted separately for each appearance.

#### Seasonal adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the nation's labor force and the levels of employment and unemployment undergo regularly occurring fluctuations. These events may result from seasonal changes in weather, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. The effect of such seasonal variation can be very large.

Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on the level of a series can be tempered by adjusting for regular seasonal These adjustments make nonseasonal developments, such as declines in employment or increases in the participation of women in the labor force, easier to spot. For example, in the household survey, the large number of youth entering the labor force each June is likely to obscure any other changes that have taken place relative to May, making it difficult to determine if the level of economic activity has risen or declined. Similarly, in the establishment survey, payroll employment in education declines by about 20 percent at the end of the spring term and later rises with the start of the fall term, obscuring the underlying employment trends in the industry. Because seasonal employment changes at the end and beginning of the school year can be estimated, the statistics can be adjusted to make underlying employment patterns more discernable. The seasonally adjusted figures provide a more useful tool with which to analyze changes in month-to-month economic activity.

Many seasonally adjusted series are independently adjusted in both the household and establishment surveys. However, the adjusted series for many major estimates, such as total payroll employment, employment in most major sectors, total employment, and unemployment are computed by aggregating independently adjusted component series. For example, total unemployment is derived by summing the adjusted series for four major age-sex components; this differs from the unemployment estimate that would be obtained by directly adjusting the total or by combining the duration, reasons, or more detailed age categories.

For both the household and establishment surveys, a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology is used in which new seasonal factors are calculated each month using all relevant data, up to and including the data for the current month. In the household survey, new seasonal factors are used to adjust only the current month's data. In the establishment survey, however, new seasonal factors are used each month to adjust the three most recent monthly estimates. The prior 2 months are routinely revised to incorporate additional sample reports and recalculated seasonal adjustment factors. In both surveys, 5-year revisions to historical data are made once a year.

#### Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the household and establishment surveys are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the true population values they represent. The component of this difference that occurs because samples differ by chance is known as *sampling error*, and its variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the true population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

For example, the confidence interval for the monthly change in total nonfarm employment from the establishment survey is on the order of plus or minus 115,000. Suppose the estimate of nonfarm employment increases by 50,000 from one month to the next. The 90-percent confidence interval on the monthly change would range from -65,000 to +165,000  $(50,000 \pm 115,000)$ . These figures do not mean that the sample results are off by these magnitudes, but rather that there is about a 90-percent chance that the true over-themonth change lies within this interval. Since this range includes values of less than zero, we could not say with confidence that nonfarm employment had, in fact, increased that month. If, however, the reported nonfarm employment rise was 250,000, then all of the values within the 90-percent confidence interval would be greater than zero. In this case, it is likely (at least a 90-percent chance) that nonfarm employment had, in fact, risen that month. At an unemployment rate of around 6.0 percent, the 90-percent confidence interval for the monthly change in unemployment as measured by the household survey is about +/- 300,000. and for the monthly change in the unemployment rate it is about +/- 0.2 percentage point.

In general, estimates involving many individuals or establishments have lower standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) than estimates which are based on a small number of observations. The precision of estimates also is improved when the data are cumulated over time, such as for quarterly and annual averages.

The household and establishment surveys are also affected by *nonsampling error*, which can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information on a timely basis, mistakes made by respondents, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For example, in the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns; for this reason, these estimates are labeled preliminary in the tables. It is only after two successive revisions to a monthly estimate, when nearly all sample reports have been received, that the estimate is considered final.

Another major source of nonsampling error in the establishment survey is the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firms. To correct for this systematic underestimation of employment growth, an estimation procedure with two components is used to account for business births. The first component excludes employment losses from business deaths from sample-based

estimation in order to offset the missing employment gains from business births. This is incorporated into the sample-based estimation procedure by simply not reflecting sample units going out of business, but imputing to them the same employment trend as the other firms in the sample. This procedure accounts for most of the net birth/death employment.

The second component is an ARIMA time series model designed to estimate the residual net birth/death employment not accounted for by the imputation. The historical time series used to create and test the ARIMA model was derived from the unemployment insurance universe micro-level database, and reflects the actual residual net of births and deaths over the past 5 years.

The sample-based estimates from the establishment survey are adjusted once a year (on a lagged basis) to

universe counts of payroll employment obtained from administrative records of the unemployment insurance program. The difference between the March sample-based employment estimates and the March universe counts is known as a benchmark revision, and serves as a rough proxy for total survey error. The new benchmarks also incorporate changes in the classification of industries. Over the past decade, absolute benchmark revisions for total nonfarm employment have averaged 0.3 percent, with a range from -0.7 percent to 0.6 percent.

#### Other information

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table A-1. Employment status of the civilian population by sex and age [Numbers in thousands]

Complement status		asonally adju				Seasonally		1	
Employment status, sex, and age	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018
TOTAL									
Civilian noninstitutional population	256.109	258,708	258,888	256,109	258,066	258,290	258,514	258,708	258.888
Civilian labor force	159,880	162,665	162,510	160,636	161,802	162,055	162,694	162,821	163,240
Participation rate.	62.4	62.9	62.8	62.7	62.7	62.7	62.9	62.9	63.1
Employed	153,602	157,015	156,481	154,065	155,604	156,069	156,582	156,803	156,945
	60.0	60.7	60.4	60.2	60.3	60.4	60.6	60.6	60.6
Employment-population ratio		I	I						
Unemployed	6,278	5,650	6,029	6,572	6,197	5,986	6,112	6,018	6,294
Unemployment rate	3.9	3.5	3.7	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.9
Not in labor force	96,230	96,043	96,378	95,473	96,264	96,235	95,821	95,886	95,649
Persons who currently want a job	5,071	5,060	5,121	5,285	5,401	5,266	5,333	5,397	5,327
Men, 16 years and over Civilian noninstitutional population	123,786	125,137	125,227	123,786	124,816	124,928	125,041	125,137	125,227
Civilian labor force.	84,831	85,974	85,857	85,409	85,868	85,912	86,146	86,330	86,441
	68.5	68.7	68.6	69.0	68.8	68.8	68.9	69.0	69.0
Participation rate	81,300	83,033	82,440	81,893		82,686	82,894		83,041
Employed.		´ I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		82,565	,	· · · · · ·	83,194	*
Employment-population ratio	65.7	66.4	65.8	66.2	66.1	66.2	66.3	66.5	66.3
Unemployed	3,531	2,941	3,417	3,517	3,303	3,226	3,252	3,136	3,401
Unemployment rate	4.2	3.4	4.0	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.9
Not in labor force	38,955	39,163	39,370	38,377	38,948	39,016	38,895	38,807	38,785
Men, 20 years and over	115,292	116,646	116,739	115,292	116,328	116,437	116,546	116 646	116,739
Civilian Inhar force								116,646	
Civilian labor force.	82,193	83,231	83,101	82,594	83,044	83,104	83,277	83,408	83,500
Participation rate	71.3	71.4	71.2	71.6	71.4	71.4	71.5	71.5	71.5
Employed	79,025	80,636	80,036	79,493	80,149	80,251	80,388	80,633	80,501
Employment-population ratio	68.5	69.1	68.6	68.9	68.9	68.9	69.0	69.1	69.0
Unemployed	3,168	2,596	3,066	3,101	2,895	2,853	2,889	2,775	2,999
Unemployment rate	3.9	3.1	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.6
Not in labor force	33,099	33,414	33,638	32,699	33,284	33,333	33,269	33,238	33,239
Women, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	132,323	133,571	133,662	132,323	133,250	133,362	133,474	133,571	133,662
Civilian labor force	75,048	76,691	76,654	75,227	75,934	76,143	76,548	76,492	76,798
Participation rate	56.7	57.4	57.3	56.9	57.0	57.1	57.4	57.3	57.5
Employed	72,301	73,982	74,041	72,172	73,039	73,383	73,688	73,609	73,904
Employment-population ratio	54.6	55.4	55.4	54.5	54.8	55.0	55.2	55.1	55.3
Unemployed	2,747	2,709	2,612	3,055	2,895	2,760	2,860	2,883	2,894
Unemployment rate	3.7	3.5	3.4	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.8
Not in labor force	57,275	56,880	57,008	57,096	57,316	57,219	56,926	57,079	56,864
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	124,057	125,299	125,393	124,057	124,983	125,091	125,200	125,299	125,393
Civilian labor force	72,237	73,820	73,768	72,272	73,153	73,107	73,442	73,478	73,769
Participation rate	58.2	58.9	58.8	58.3	58.5	58.4	58.7	58.6	58.8
Employed	69,775	71,438	71,422	69,587	70,563	70,710	70,935	70,949	71,218
Employment-population ratio	56.2	57.0	57.0	56.1	56.5	56.5	56.7	56.6	56.8
Unemployed	2,462	2,383	2,345	2,686	2,590	2,398	2,507	2,529	2,550
Unemployment rate	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.5
Not in labor force.	51,820	51,479	51,625	51,785	51,829	51,984	51,757	51,821	51,624
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian noninstitutional population	16,760	16,763	16,756	16,760	16,755	16,762	16,768	16,763	16,756
Civilian labor force	5,449	5,613	5,641	5,771	5,604	5,843	5,974	5,935	5,971
Participation rate	32.5	33.5	33.7	34.4	33.4	34.9	35.6	35.4	35.6
Employed	4,801	4,941	5,023	4,985	4,892	5,108	5,258	5,221	5,226
Employment-population ratio	28.6	29.5	30.0	29.7	29.2	30.5	31.4	31.1	31.2
Unemployed	648	672	619	785	712	735	715	714	745
Unemployment rate	11.9	12.0	11.0	13.6	12.7	12.6	12.0	12.0	12.5
Not in labor force	11,311	11,150	11,115	10,989	11,151	10,918	10,795	10,828	10,785
	11,011	11,100	11,113	10,000	11,101	10,510	10,795	10,020	10,700

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns. NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

# HOUSEHOLD DATA Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age [Numbers in thousands]

[Numbers in thousands]	Not se	easonally adj	usted	Seasonally adjusted <sup>1</sup>							
Employment status, race, sex, and age	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018		
WHITE											
Civilian noninstitutional population	199,458	200,690	200,774	199,458	200,356	200,476	200,596	200,690	200,774		
Civilian labor force	124,594	126,165	126,072	125,227	125,347	125,617	126,100	126,334	126,680		
Participation rate	62.5	62.9	62.8	62.8	62.6	62.7	62.9	63.0	63.1		
Employed	120,148	122,247	121,900	120,585	121,074	121,507	121,923	122,036	122,318		
Employment-population ratio	60.2	60.9	60.7	60.5	60.4	60.6	60.8	60.8	60.9		
Unemployed	4,446	3,918	4,173	4,642	4,272	4,110	4,177	4,299	4,362		
Unemployment rate	3.6	3.1	3.3	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4		
Not in labor force	74,864	74,525	74,702	74,231	75,009	74,858	74,496	74,355	74,094		
Civilian labor force	65,263	65,825	65,822	65,559	65,527	65,661	65,771	65,961	66,110		
Participation rate	71.6	71.6	71.6	71.9	71.4	71.5	71.6	71.8	71.9		
Employed	62,964	64,000	63,649	63,370	63,513	63,664	63,785	63,960	64,046		
Employment-population ratio	69.0	69.6	69.2	69.5	69.2	69.4	69.4	69.6	69.6		
Unemployed	2,299	1,826	2,174	2,190	2,014	1,996	1,986	2,000	2,064		
Unemployment rate	3.5	2.8	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1		
Women, 20 years and over											
Civilian labor force	55,061	56,054	55,939	55,131	55,372	55,378	55,778	55,819	55,995		
Participation rate	57.4	58.1	58.0	57.5	57.5	57.5	57.8	57.9	58.0		
Employed	53,356	54,413	54,368	53,231	53,616	53,792	54,062	54,023	54,226		
Employment-population ratio	55.6	56.4	56.3	55.5	55.7	55.8	56.1	56.0	56.2		
Unemployed	1,705	1,642	1,571	1,900	1,757	1,586	1,716	1,796	1,769		
Unemployment rate	3.1	2.9	2.8	3.4	3.2	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.2		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Civilian labor force	4,270	4,285	4,311	4,537	4,447	4,578	4,551	4,554	4,575		
Participation rate	34.6	34.8	35.1	36.8	36.1	37.2	37.0	37.0	37.2		
Employed.	3,828	3,835	3,883	3,985	3,945	4,051	4,076	4,052	4,047		
Employment-population ratio	31.0 442	31.2	31.6	32.3 552	32.1 501	32.9 527	33.1	32.9	32.9 528		
Unemployed	10.4	450 10.5	428 9.9	12.2	11.3	11.5	476 10.5	502 11.0	11.6		
Unemployment rate  BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN	10.4	10.5	9.9	12.2	11.5	11.5	10.5	11.0	11.0		
Civilian noninstitutional population	32,436	32,923	32,956	32,436	32,810	32,848	32,887	32,923	32,956		
Civilian labor force.	20,050	20,467	20,325	20,181	20,384	20,504	20,564	20,451	20,460		
Participation rate	61.8	62.2	61.7	62.2	62.1	62.4	62.5	62.1	62.1		
Employed	18,791	19,288	19,067	18,827	19,108	19,265	19,290	19,232	19,107		
Employment-population ratio	57.9	58.6	57.9	58.0	58.2	58.6	58.7	58.4	58.0		
Unemployed	1,260	1,179	1,257	1,354	1,276	1,239	1,274	1,219	1,353		
Unemployment rate	6.3	5.8	6.2	6.7	6.3	6.0	6.2	6.0	6.6		
Not in labor force	12,385	12,456	12,632	12,255	12,426	12,345	12,323	12,472	12,496		
Civilian labor force	9,128	9,298	9,214	9,193	9,394	9,349	9,400	9,310	9,284		
Participation rate.	67.3	67.3	66.7	67.8	68.3	67.9	68.2	67.4	67.2		
Employed	8,537	8,771	8,645	8,598	8,828	8,800	8,814	8,771	8,709		
Employment-population ratio	63.0	63.5	62.5	63.4	64.2	63.9	63.9	63.5	63.0		
Unemployed	591	528	570	595	565	549	586	539	575		
Unemployment rate	6.5	5.7	6.2	6.5	6.0	5.9	6.2	5.8	6.2		
Women, 20 years and over		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •									
Civilian labor force	10,236	10,375	10,329	10,262	10,356	10,422	10,327	10,303	10,359		
Participation rate	62.5	62.4	62.1	62.7	62.5	62.8	62.2	62.0	62.2		
Employed	9,707	9,872	9,779	9,672	9,769	9,874	9,825	9,789	9,749		
Employment-population ratio	59.3	59.4	58.8	59.1	59.0	59.5	59.2	58.9	58.6		
Unemployed	529	503	551	590	587	548	501	515	611		
Unemployment rate	5.2	4.8	5.3	5.7	5.7	5.3	4.9	5.0	5.9		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Civilian labor force	686	794	781	726	634	733	837	837	817		
Participation rate	27.4	31.9	31.4	28.9	25.4	29.4	33.6	33.6	32.8		
Employed	547	645	644	557	510	591	650	672	650		
Employment-population ratio	21.8	25.9	25.9	22.2	20.5	23.7	26.1	27.0	26.1		
Unemployed	140	149	137	169	124	141	187	165	167		
Unemployment rate	20.3	18.7	17.5	23.3	19.5	19.3	22.4	19.7	20.5		

### Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age — Continued

[Numbers in thousands]

	Not so	easonally adj	usted	Seasonally adjusted <sup>1</sup>						
Employment status, race, sex, and age	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	
ASIAN										
Civilian noninstitutional population	15,610	16,096	16,138	15,610	16,093	16,011	16,030	16,096	16,138	
Civilian labor force	9,779	10,281	10,250	9,787	10,260	10,303	10,280	10,334	10,262	
Participation rate	62.6	63.9	63.5	62.7	63.8	64.3	64.1	64.2	63.6	
Employed	9,546	9,999	9,928	9,547	9,951	9,943	9,956	10,050	9,929	
Employment-population ratio	61.2	62.1	61.5	61.2	61.8	62.1	62.1	62.4	61.5	
Unemployed	233	282	322	241	309	360	324	284	334	
Unemployment rate	2.4	2.7	3.1	2.5	3.0	3.5	3.1	2.7	3.3	
Not in labor force	5,831	5,814	5,888	5,823	5,832	5,709	5,750	5,762	5,876	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns. NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups will not sum to totals shown in table A-1 because data are not presented for all races. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-3. Employment status of the Hispanic or Latino population by sex and age

[Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	asonally ad	justed			Seasonally	adjusted1		
Employment status, sex, and age	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018
HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY									
Civilian noninstitutional population	41,831	43,146	43,234	41,831	42,863	42,959	43,054	43,146	43,234
Civilian labor force	27,429	28,854	28,913	27,499	28,253	28,388	28,513	28,820	28,963
Participation rate	65.6	66.9	66.9	65.7	65.9	66.1	66.2	66.8	67.0
Employed	26,077	27,585	27,659	26,140	26,935	27,102	27,266	27,524	27,701
Employment-population ratio	62.3	63.9	64.0	62.5	62.8	63.1	63.3	63.8	64.1
Unemployed	1,352	1,269	1,255	1,359	1,317	1,287	1,248	1,296	1,261
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.4	4.3	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4
Not in labor force	14,402	14,293	14,321	14,332	14,610	14,571	14,541	14,326	14,271
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	15,090	15,599	15,639	15,103	15,425	15,424	15,448	15,595	15,651
Participation rate	80.1	80.1	80.1	80.2	79.7	79.5	79.5	80.1	80.2
Employed	14,457	15,080	15,042	14,522	14,852	14,832	14,854	15,063	15,107
Employment-population ratio	76.7	77.4	77.1	77.1	76.8	76.5	76.4	77.3	77.4
Unemployed	634	519	596	581	574	592	594	533	544
Unemployment rate	4.2	3.3	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.5
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	11,165	11,945	11,996	11,175	11,608	11,689	11,767	11,857	12,002
Participation rate	58.4	60.6	60.8	58.4	59.3	59.6	59.9	60.2	60.8
Employed	10,604	11,395	11,511	10,584	11,025	11,188	11,266	11,308	11,487
Employment-population ratio	55.5	57.8	58.3	55.4	56.3	57.0	57.3	57.4	58.2
Unemployed	561	550	485	591	582	501	501	550	515
Unemployment rate	5.0	4.6	4.0	5.3	5.0	4.3	4.3	4.6	4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	1,174	1,310	1,278	1,221	1,220	1,276	1,298	1,367	1,310
Participation rate	30.3	33.0	32.2	31.5	30.9	32.3	32.8	34.5	33.0
Employed	1,017	1,110	1,105	1,035	1,058	1,082	1,145	1,154	1,107
Employment-population ratio	26.2	28.0	27.8	26.7	26.8	27.4	28.9	29.1	27.9
Unemployed	158	200	173	186	161	193	153	214	202
Unemployment rate	13.4	15.3	13.6	15.3	13.2	15.2	11.8	15.6	15.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-4. Employment status of the civilian population 25 years and over by educational attainment [Numbers in thousands]

		asonally ac	juotou			Seasonall	y adjusted		
Educational attainment	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018
Less than a high school diploma									
Civilian labor force	10,148	10,254	10,265	10,167	10,310	10,204	10,268	10,191	10,283
Participation rate	44.8	47.0	46.0	44.9	46.3	46.1	47.8	46.7	46.1
Employed	9,455	9,700	9,604	9,529	9,722	9,635	9,658	9,619	9,683
Employment-population ratio	41.8	44.4	43.1	42.1	43.7	43.5	44.9	44.0	43.4
Unemployed	693	554	661	638	588	569	610	572	600
Unemployment rate	6.8	5.4	6.4	6.3	5.7	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.8
High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup>									
Civilian labor force	35,760	35,967	36,011	35,924	36,132	36,213	36,103	35,901	36,154
Participation rate	57.5	57.7	57.8	57.8	57.3	57.5	57.6	57.6	58.1
Employed	34,245	34,764	34,631	34,412	34,718	34,856	34,650	34,631	34,776
Employment-population ratio	55.1	55.8	55.6	55.3	55.1	55.3	55.3	55.6	55.9
Unemployed	1,515	1,203	1,380	1,511	1,414	1,357	1,454	1,271	1,377
Unemployment rate	4.2	3.3	3.8	4.2	3.9	3.7	4.0	3.5	3.8
Some college or associate degree									
Civilian labor force	37,897	37,649	37,132	37,958	37,296	37,390	37,531	37,471	37,175
Participation rate	66.2	65.6	65.6	66.3	65.6	65.2	65.2	65.3	65.7
Employed	36,590	36,516	35,952	36,599	35,977	36,200	36,392	36,293	35,954
Employment-population ratio	63.9	63.6	63.5	63.9	63.2	63.1	63.2	63.2	63.5
Unemployed	1,307	1,133	1,180	1,359	1,320	1,189	1,139	1,178	1,222
Unemployment rate	3.4	3.0	3.2	3.6	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher <sup>2</sup>									
Civilian labor force	55,824	58,392	58,701	55,834	57,686	57,294	57,968	58,451	58,701
Participation rate	73.4	73.7	73.6	73.4	74.1	73.6	73.5	73.8	73.6
Employed	54,701	57,194	57,519	54,637	56,508	56,167	56,782	57,150	57,442
Employment-population ratio	72.0	72.2	72.1	71.9	72.6	72.2	72.0	72.1	72.0
Unemployed	1,123	1,198	1,182	1,197	1,178	1,127	1,186	1,301	1,260
Unemployment rate	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.1

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$  Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

## Table A-5. Employment status of the civilian population 18 years and over by veteran status, period of service, and sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	Tota	al	Me	en	Women		
Employment status, veteran status, and period of service	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	
VETERANS, 18 years and over							
Civilian noninstitutional population	19,389	19,028	17,533	17,153	1,856	1,875	
Civilian labor force	9,521	9,337	8,405	8,175	1,115	1,162	
Participation rate	49.1	49.1	47.9	47.7	60.1	62.0	
Employed	9,159	9,040	8,084	7,906	1,075	1,135	
Employment-population ratio	47.2	47.5	46.1	46.1	57.9	60.5	
Unemployed	362	296	321	269	41	27	
Unemployment rate	3.8	3.2	3.8	3.3	3.6	2.3	
Not in labor force.	9,868	9,691	9,128	8,978	741	713	
	0,000	0,001	0,120	0,0.0			
Gulf War-era II veterans							
Civilian noninstitutional population	4,164	4,251	3,469	3,556	695	696	
Civilian labor force	3,383	3,437	2,897	2,951	486	486	
Participation rate	81.2	80.8	83.5	83.0	69.9	69.9	
Employed	3,270	3,313	2,800	2,841	470	471	
Employment-population ratio	78.5	77.9	80.7	79.9	67.6	67.8	
Unemployed	113	124	97	110	16	15	
Unemployment rate	3.3	3.6	3.4	3.7	3.3	3.0	
Not in labor force	781	814	572	605	209	210	
Gulf War-era I veterans							
Civilian noninstitutional population	2,981	3,062	2,501	2,547	480	514	
Civilian labor force	2,284	2,371	1,952	1,988	332	383	
Participation rate	76.6	77.5	78.1	78.0	69.1	74.5	
Employed	2,204	2,300	1,885	1,924	319	376	
Employment-population ratio	73.9	75.1	75.4	75.5	66.4	73.2	
Unemployed	80	71	67	64	13	7	
Unemployment rate	3.5	3.0	3.4	3.2	4.0	1.9	
Not in labor force	697	690	548	559	148	131	
World War II, Korean War, and Vietnam-era veterans							
Civilian noninstitutional population	7,839	7,434	7,572	7,179	267	255	
Civilian labor force	1,638	1,550	1,573	1,492	65	57	
Participation rate	20.9	20.8	20.8	20.8	24.3	22.5	
Employed	1,577	1,511	1,512	1,453	65	57	
Employment-population ratio	20.1	20.3	20.0	20.2	24.3	22.5	
Unemployed	61	39	61	39	0	0	
Unemployment rate	3.7	2.5	3.9	2.6		_	
Not in labor force.	6,201	5,884	5,999	5,687	202	198	
Veterans of other service periods	0,201	0,001	0,000	0,007	202	100	
Civilian noninstitutional population	4,405	4,281	3,991	3,871	414	410	
Civilian labor force.	2,216	1,978	1,983	1,744	233	235	
Participation rate	50.3	46.2	49.7	45.0	56.3	57.3	
Employed	2,109	1,917	1,887	1,687	222	230	
Employment-population ratio	47.9	44.8	47.3	43.6	53.5	56.0	
Unemployed	107	62	96	56	11	5	
Unemployment rate	4.8	3.1	4.8	3.2	4.9	2.2	
Not in labor force	2,189	2,303	2,008	2,127	181	175	
NONVETERANS, 18 years and over							
Civilian noninstitutional population	227,397	231,032	101,486	103,609	125,911	127,424	
Civilian labor force.	148,288	151,248	75,509	76,777	72,779	74,470	
Participation rate	65.2	65.5	74.4	74.1	57.8	58.4	
Employed	142,639	145,746	72,437	73,757	70,203	71,989	
Employment-population ratio	62.7	63.1	71.4	71.2	55.8	56.5	
Unemployed	5,649	5,502	3,073	3,020	2,576	2,481	
Offerniployed							
Unemployment rate.	3.8	3.6	4.1	3.9	3.5	3.3	

NOTE: Veterans served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces and were not on active duty at the time of the survey. Nonveterans never served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces. Veterans could have served anywhere in the world during these periods of service: Gulf War era II (September 2001-present), Gulf War era I (August 1990-August 2001), Vietnam era (August 1964-April 1975), Korean War (July 1950-January 1955), World War II (December 1941-December 1946), and other service periods (all other time periods). Veterans who served in more than one wartime period are classified only in the most recent one. Veterans who served during one of the selected wartime periods and another period are classified only in the wartime period. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 75,000).

## Table A-6. Employment status of the civilian population by sex, age, and disability status, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	Persons with	a disability	Persons with I	no disability
Employment status, sex, and age	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018
TOTAL, 16 years and over				
Civilian noninstitutional population	29,780	30,426	226,329	228,462
Civilian labor force	6,211	6,288	153,668	156,222
Participation rate	20.9	20.7	67.9	68.4
Employed	5,690	5,793	147,912	150,688
Employment-population ratio	19.1	19.0	65.4	66.0
Unemployed	522	495	5,757	5,535
Unemployment rate	8.4	7.9	3.7	3.5
Not in labor force	23,569	24,138	72,661	72,240
Men, 16 to 64 years				
Civilian labor force	2,777	2,690	76,818	77,618
Participation rate	37.5	35.5	81.8	82.3
Employed	2,509	2,469	73,748	74,570
Employment-population ratio	33.9	32.6	78.6	79.1
Unemployed	268	221	3,071	3,048
Unemployment rate	9.7	8.2	4.0	3.9
Not in labor force	4,622	4,880	17,037	16,681
Women, 16 to 64 years				
Civilian labor force	2,327	2,455	68,380	69,515
Participation rate	30.2	31.2	70.6	71.6
Employed	2,134	2,230	65,960	67,262
Employment-population ratio	27.7	28.3	68.1	69.3
Unemployed	193	225	2,421	2,253
Unemployment rate	8.3	9.2	3.5	3.2
Not in labor force	5,367	5,414	28,461	27,528
Both sexes, 65 years and over				
Civilian labor force	1,107	1,144	8,470	9,090
Participation rate	7.5	7.6	23.8	24.5
Employed	1,047	1,094	8,204	8,856
Employment-population ratio	7.1	7.3	23.0	23.9
Unemployed	60	49	265	234
Unemployment rate	5.4	4.3	3.1	2.6
Not in labor force	13,580	13,843	27,163	28,031

NOTE: A person with a disability has at least one of the following conditions: is deaf or has serious difficulty hearing; is blind or has serious difficulty seeing even when wearing glasses; has serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition; has serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs; has difficulty dressing or bathing; or has difficulty doing errands alone such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-7. Employment status of the civilian population by nativity and sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	То	tal	Me	en	Wor	men
Employment status and nativity	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018
Foreign born, 16 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population	41,546	42,985	19,966	20,855	21,579	22,130
Civilian labor force	27,143	28,359	15,612	16,140	11,531	12,219
Participation rate	65.3	66.0	78.2	77.4	53.4	55.2
Employed	26,091	27,393	15,058	15,633	11,033	11,761
Employment-population ratio	62.8	63.7	75.4	75.0	51.1	53.1
Unemployed	1,052	966	554	507	498	459
Unemployment rate	3.9	3.4	3.5	3.1	4.3	3.8
Not in labor force	14,403	14,626	4,354	4,715	10,048	9,911
Native born, 16 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population	214,563	215,903	103,820	104,372	110,744	111,532
Civilian labor force	132,736	134,151	69,219	69,717	63,517	64,435
Participation rate	61.9	62.1	66.7	66.8	57.4	57.8
Employed	127,510	129,088	66,242	66,807	61,268	62,281
Employment-population ratio	59.4	59.8	63.8	64.0	55.3	55.8
Unemployed	5,226	5,064	2,977	2,910	2,249	2,154
Unemployment rate	3.9	3.8	4.3	4.2	3.5	3.3
Not in labor force	81,827	81,752	34,600	34,655	47,227	47,097

NOTE: The foreign born are those residing in the United States who were not U.S. citizens at birth. That is, they were born outside the United States or one of its outlying areas such as Puerto Rico or Guam, to parents neither of whom was a U.S. citizen. The native born are persons who were born in the United States or one of its outlying areas such as Puerto Rico or Guam or who were born abroad of at least one parent who was a U.S. citizen. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-8. Employed persons by class of worker and part-time status

[In thousands]

	Not se	easonally ac	djusted			Seasonall	y adjusted		
Category	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018
CLASS OF WORKER									
Agriculture and related industries	2,368	2,553	2,393	2,512	2,346	2,478	2,418	2,556	2,522
Wage and salary workers <sup>1</sup>	1,590	1,784	1,659	1,680	1,534	1,661	1,674	1,772	1,747
Self-employed workers, unincorporated	743	742	708	791	771	813	722	768	752
Unpaid family workers	35	27	26	_	_	_	_	_	-
Nonagricultural industries	151,233	154,461	154,088	151,628	153,376	153,634	154,135	154,297	154,520
Wage and salary workers <sup>1</sup>	142,295	145,430	145,063	142,677	144,380	144,480	145,071	145,313	145,478
Government	20,789	21,270	20,709	20,731	20,785	20,753	21,186	21,054	20,677
Private industries	121,506	124,161	124,354	121,938	123,584	123,773	124,063	124,365	124,787
Private households	687	811	879	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other industries	120,819	123,349	123,474	121,245	122,806	122,968	123,239	123,512	123,904
Self-employed workers, unincorporated	8,881	8,961	8,973	8,971	8,872	8,957	8,949	8,889	9,031
Unpaid family workers	57	69	52	_	_	_	_	_	_
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME <sup>2</sup>									
All industries									
Part time for economic reasons <sup>3</sup>	5,060	4,558	4,740	4,986	4,368	4,656	4,630	4,781	4,657
Slack work or business conditions	3,172	2,760	2,984	3,081	2,581	2,807	2,837	2,882	2,891
Could only find part-time work	1,529	1,541	1,456	1,570	1,377	1,471	1,461	1,562	1,496
Part time for noneconomic reasons <sup>4</sup>	21,631	21,930	21,726	21,163	21,803	21,404	21,448	20,909	21,234
Nonagricultural industries									
Part time for economic reasons <sup>3</sup>	4,992	4,512	4,621	4,953	4,311	4,575	4,549	4,726	4,580
Slack work or business conditions	3,132	2,719	2,909	3,032	2,546	2,767	2,779	2,843	2,816
Could only find part-time work	1,528	1,541	1,435	1,566	1,367	1,462	1,453	1,571	1,473
Part time for noneconomic reasons <sup>4</sup>	21,226	21,539	21,349	20,716	21,501	21,002	21,083	20,521	20,826

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes self-employed workers whose businesses are incorporated.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Refers to those who worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey reference week and excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Refers to those who worked 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for an economic reason such as slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, or seasonal declines in demand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Refers to persons who usually work part time for noneconomic reasons such as childcare problems, family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and other reasons. This excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as vacations, holidays, illness, and bad weather.

<sup>-</sup> Data not available

#### Table A-9. Selected employment indicators

[Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	asonally adj	usted			Seasonall	y adjusted		
Characteristic	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over	153,602	157,015	156,481	154,065	155,604	156,069	156,582	156,803	156,945
16 to 19 years	4,801	4,941	5,023	4,985	4,892	5,108	5,258	5,221	5,226
16 to 17 years	1,803	1,807	1,695	1,889	1,776	1,765	1,954	1,915	1,784
18 to 19 years	2,998	3,134	3,328	3,099	3,118	3,299	3,305	3,295	3,441
20 years and over	148,801	152,073	151,458	149,080	150,712	150,961	151,324	151,582	151,720
20 to 24 years	13,809	13,899	13,753	13,937	13,829	14,022	13,897	13,942	13,885
25 years and over	134,991	138,174	137,706	135,087	136,816	136,887	137,504	137,615	137,786
25 to 54 years	99,547	101,273	100,845	99,551	100,328	100,333	100,892	100,844	100,833
25 to 34 years	34,614	35,779	35,664	34,631	35,352	35,511	35,693	35,672	35,689
35 to 44 years	32,302	32,958	32,884	32,304	32,655	32,501	32,857	32,796	32,881
45 to 54 years	32,631	32,537	32,298	32,616	32,322	32,320	32,343	32,376	32,263
55 years and over	35,444	36,901	36,860	35,536	36,489	36,554	36,612	36,771	36,954
Men, 16 years and over	81,300	83,033	82,440	81,893	82,565	82,686	82,894	83,194	83,041
16 to 19 years	2,275	2,397	2,404	2,400	2,416	2,435	2,506	2,561	2,540
16 to 17 years	779	775	777	845	813	779	895	848	848
18 to 19 years	1,495	1,622	1,627	1,554	1,605	1,640	1,621	1,711	1,686
20 years and over	79,025	80,636	80,036	79,493	80,149	80,251	80,388	80,633	80,501
20 to 24 years	7,093	7,019	6,934	7,200	6,987	7,162	7,082	7,089	7,044
25 years and over	71,933	73,617	73,102	72,263	73,099	73,021	73,331	73,519	73,435
25 to 54 years	53,163	54,032	53,612	53,333	53,605	53,575	53,789	53,933	53,774
25 to 34 years	18,559	19,205	19,084	18,635	19,011	19,123	19,169	19,201	19,165
35 to 44 years	17,397	17,698	17,645	17,455	17,643	17,512	17,625	17,664	17,701
45 to 54 years	17,206	17,128	16,883	17,243	16,952	16,941	16,995	17,068	16,908
55 years and over	18,770	19,585	19,490	18,931	19,494	19,445	19,542	19,587	19,661
Women, 16 years and over	72,301	73,982	74,041	72,172	73,039	73,383	73,688	73,609	73,904
16 to 19 years	2,526	2,544	2,619	2,586	2,476	2,674	2,753	2,660	2,686
16 to 17 years	1,024	1,032	918	1,044	962	986	1,059	1,067	936
18 to 19 years	1,502	1,512	1,701	1,545	1,513	1,659	1,684	1,584	1,755
20 years and over	69,775	71,438	71,422	69,587	70,563	70,710	70,935	70,949	71,218
20 to 24 years	6,717	6,880	6,819	6,737	6,842	6,860	6,816	6,853	6,841
25 years and over	63,058	64,557	64,604	62,823	63,718	63,866	64,173	64,096	64,352
25 to 54 years	46,385	47,242	47,233	46,218	46,723	46,757	47,103	46,912	47,059
25 to 34 years	16,055	16,573	16,580	15,996	16,341	16,388	16,524	16,471	16,524
35 to 44 years	14,905	15,260	15,238	14,850	15,012	14,989	15,231	15,132	15,180
45 to 54 years	15,425	15,408	15,415	15,372	15,369	15,379	15,348	15,308	15,355
55 years and over	16,674	17,316	17,371	16,605	16,995	17,109	17,070	17,184	17,293
MARITAL STATUS									
Married men, spouse present <sup>1</sup>	45,284	46,164	45,720	45,520	45,876	45,972	46,192	46,204	45,984
Married women, spouse present <sup>1</sup>	35,952	36,521	36,603	35,747	36,066	36,041	36,089	36,220	36,379
Women who maintain families <sup>2</sup>	9,893	9,816	9,667	-	-	_	-	-	-
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS	.=	405 15			405		405	405 == -	
Full-time workers <sup>3</sup>	125,985	129,464	129,143	126,771	128,649	128,958	129,255	129,774	129,913
Part-time workers <sup>4</sup>	27,616	27,551	27,338	27,269	26,912	27,120	27,311	27,017	26,994
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS	7 770	7.004	0.000	7.000	7.004	7 747	7.070	7740	7.000
Total multiple jobholders	7,776	7,934	8,030	7,636	7,924	7,717	7,873	7,749	7,866
Percent of total employed	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.1	4.9	5.0	4.9	5.0
SELF-EMPLOYMENT		6.00-	6.005						
Self-employed workers, incorporated	6,047	6,226	6,085		_			-	
Self-employed workers, unincorporated	9,624	9,703	9,682	9,762	9,644	9,770	9,671	9,657	9,783

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refers to persons in opposite-sex married couples only.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Refers to female householders residing with one or more family members, but not an opposite-sex spouse.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3}$  Employed full-time workers are persons who usually work 35 hours or more per week.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Employed part-time workers are persons who usually work less than 35 hours per week.

<sup>-</sup> Data not available.

Table A-10. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

Characteristic		Number of nployed per n thousand	rsons			Unemploy	ment rates		
	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over	6,572	6,018	6,294	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.9
16 to 19 years	785	714	745	13.6	12.7	12.6	12.0	12.0	12.5
16 to 17 years	335	291	286	15.1	13.3	13.8	10.6	13.2	13.8
18 to 19 years	466	430	476	13.1	12.0	12.1	12.9	11.5	12.1
20 years and over	5,786	5,305	5,549	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5
20 to 24 years	1,055	979	1,074	7.0	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.6	7.2
25 years and over	4,709	4,314	4,454	3.4	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.1
25 to 54 years	3,513	3,218	3,377	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2
25 to 34 years	1,590	1,360	1,460	4.4	4.1	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.9
35 to 44 years	1,005	979	942	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.8
45 to 54 years	918	879	975	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.9
55 years and over	1,197	1,084	1,090	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9
Men, 16 years and over	3,517	3,136	3,401	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.9
16 to 19 years	416	360	402	14.8	14.4	13.3	12.6	12.3	13.7
16 to 17 years	159	147	148	15.8	15.3	14.6	11.1	14.8	14.9
18 to 19 years	270	214	269	14.8	14.0	12.9	13.5	11.1	13.7
20 years and over	3,101	2,775	2,999	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.6
20 to 24 years	615	556	597	7.9	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.8
25 years and over	2,460	2,217	2,375	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.1
25 to 54 years	1,801	1,631	1,775	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.9	3.2
25 to 34 years	829	655	730	4.3	4.1	3.5	3.7	3.3	3.7
35 to 44 years	476	526	517	2.7	2.6	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8
45 to 54 years	496	450	528	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.6	3.0
55 years and over	658	587	600	3.4	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.9	3.0
Women, 16 years and over	3,055	2,883	2,894	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.8
16 to 19 years	370	353	343	12.5	11.0	11.9	11.4	11.7	11.3
16 to 17 years	176	144	138	14.4	11.5	13.1	10.1	11.9	12.9
18 to 19 years	196	216	207	11.3	9.9	11.3	12.3	12.0	10.5
20 years and over	2,686	2,529	2,550	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.5
20 to 24 years	440	423	477	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.1	5.8	6.5
25 years and over	2,249	2,097	2,080	3.5	3.3	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.1
25 to 54 years	1,712	1,587	1,602	3.6	3.3	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.3
25 to 34 years	761	706	730	4.5	4.1	3.5	3.6	4.1	4.2
35 to 44 years	529	453	425	3.4	3.2	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.7
45 to 54 years	422	429	447	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.8
55 years and over	550	498	501	3.2	3.1	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8
MARITAL STATUS									
Married men, spouse present <sup>1</sup>	1,008	923	964	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1
Married women, spouse present <sup>1</sup>	944	871	866	2.6	2.5	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3
Women who maintain families <sup>2</sup>	552	558	453	5.3	5.4	5.1	5.3	5.4	4.5
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS									
Full-time workers <sup>3</sup>	5,321	4,739	4,951	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.7
Part-time workers <sup>4</sup>	1,263	1,280	1,353	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.8
i ait unio workers	1,200	1,200	1,555	7.4	4.5	4.5	7.4	4.5	4.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refers to persons in opposite-sex couples only.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data are not seasonally adjusted. Refers to female householders residing with one or more family members, but not an opposite-sex spouse.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work full time (35 hours or more per week) or are on layoff from full-time iobs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Part-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work part time (less than 35 hours per week) or are on layoff from part-time jobs.

# Table A-11. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment [Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	asonally ad	justed			Seasonally	y adjusted		
Reason	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Job losers and persons who completed									
temporary jobs	3,298	2,598	2,947	3,249	2,868	2,796	2,858	2,842	2,903
On temporary layoff	1,010	699	834	923	855	812	793	804	762
Not on temporary layoff	2,288	1,899	2,113	2,326	2,013	1,984	2,066	2,038	2,141
Permanent job losers	1,604	1,242	1,415	1,627	1,351	1,257	1,365	1,337	1,432
Persons who completed temporary jobs	684	657	698	699	663	727	701	701	710
Job leavers	673	699	775	726	866	739	731	697	839
Reentrants	1,827	1,829	1,810	1,985	1,864	1,889	1,914	1,880	1,958
New entrants	480	524	496	568	586	588	605	577	588
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Job losers and persons who completed									
temporary jobs	52.5	46.0	48.9	49.8	46.4	46.5	46.8	47.4	46.2
On temporary layoff	16.1	12.4	13.8	14.1	13.8	13.5	13.0	13.4	12.1
Not on temporary layoff	36.4	33.6	35.0	35.6	32.6	33.0	33.8	34.0	34.1
Job leavers	10.7	12.4	12.9	11.1	14.0	12.3	12.0	11.6	13.3
Reentrants	29.1	32.4	30.0	30.4	30.1	31.4	31.3	31.4	31.1
New entrants	7.7	9.3	8.2	8.7	9.5	9.8	9.9	9.6	9.3
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE									
Job losers and persons who completed									
temporary jobs	2.1	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8
Job leavers	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5
Reentrants	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
New entrants	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

# Table A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment [Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	asonally ad	ljusted			Seasonally	y adjusted		
Duration	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Less than 5 weeks	2,144	1,974	2,050	2,230	2,199	2,065	2,062	2,128	2,126
5 to 14 weeks	1,848	1,670	1,901	1,984	1,722	1,751	1,845	1,842	2,027
15 weeks and over	2,287	2,005	2,078	2,404	2,247	2,240	2,229	2,124	2,203
15 to 26 weeks	867	817	859	892	927	861	859	865	897
27 weeks and over	1,420	1,188	1,219	1,511	1,320	1,379	1,370	1,259	1,306
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	23.5	22.7	21.5	23.8	22.6	24.1	22.4	21.7	21.8
Median duration, in weeks	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.2	9.3	9.4	9.0	9.1
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Less than 5 weeks	34.1	34.9	34.0	33.7	35.7	34.1	33.6	34.9	33.4
5 to 14 weeks	29.4	29.6	31.5	30.0	27.9	28.9	30.1	30.2	31.9
15 weeks and over	36.4	35.5	34.5	36.3	36.4	37.0	36.3	34.9	34.7
15 to 26 weeks	13.8	14.5	14.2	13.5	15.0	14.2	14.0	14.2	14.1
27 weeks and over	22.6	21.0	20.2	22.8	21.4	22.8	22.3	20.7	20.5

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-13. Employed and unemployed persons by occupation, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Occupation	Emp	loyed	Unem	ployed		loyment tes
Occupation	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018
Total, 16 years and over <sup>1</sup>	153,602	156,481	6,278	6,029	3.9	3.7
Management, professional, and related occupations	62,121	63,642	1,290	1,368	2.0	2.1
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	25,760	26,450	514	582	2.0	2.2
Professional and related occupations	36,361	37,192	775	786	2.1	2.1
Service occupations	25,826	26,271	1,405	1,301	5.2	4.7
Sales and office occupations	33,633	33,718	1,268	1,244	3.6	3.6
Sales and related occupations	15,985	16,217	627	602	3.8	3.6
Office and administrative support occupations	17,649	17,500	641	642	3.5	3.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	14,299	14,439	961	858	6.3	5.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1,107	1,148	195	143	15.0	11.1
Construction and extraction occupations	8,198	8,390	600	539	6.8	6.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,994	4,901	166	175	3.2	3.4
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	17,722	18,412	865	746	4.7	3.9
Production occupations	8,546	8,689	376	298	4.2	3.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	9,177	9,722	489	448	5.1	4.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the U.S. Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total. NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-14. Unemployed persons by industry and class of worker, not seasonally adjusted

Industry and class of worker	unem per	ber of ployed sons usands)		loyment tes
	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018
Total, 16 years and over <sup>1</sup> Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers  Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction  Construction  Manufacturing  Durable goods  Nondurable goods  Wholesale and retail trade  Transportation and utilities  Information  Financial activities  Professional and business services  Education and health services.	4,841 41 554 505 289	6,029 4,605 21 493 441 231 210 753 280 103 248 723 519	3.9 3.8 5.1 5.9 3.3 3.0 3.8 4.1 3.0 3.8 1.5 4.2 3.0	3.7 3.6 2.6 5.1 2.8 2.3 3.5 3.7 3.9 3.9 2.4 4.3 2.1
Leisure and hospitality	833	814	6.2	6.0
Other services	189 210 460 287	211 151 526	2.8 11.9 2.2 2.9	3.0 8.6 2.5
Self-employed workers, unincorporated, and unpaid family workers	287	251	2.9	2.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the U.S. Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total. NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

#### Table A-15. Alternative measures of labor underutilization

[Percent]

	Not se	asonally ac	ljusted			Seasonall	y adjusted		
Measure	Dec. 2017	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Aug. 2018	Sept. 2018	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018
U-1 Persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer, as a percent of the civilian labor force U-2 Job losers and persons who completed	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3
temporary jobs, as a percent of the civilian labor force	2.1	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8
U-3 Total unemployed, as a percent of the civilian labor force (official unemployment rate)	3.9	3.5	3.7	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.9
U-4 Total unemployed plus discouraged workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers	4.2	3.7	3.9	4.4	4.1	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.1
U-5 Total unemployed, plus discouraged workers, plus all other persons marginally attached to the labor force, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all persons marginally attached to the labor force	4.9	4.5	4.6	5.1	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.8
U-6 Total unemployed, plus all persons marginally attached to the labor force, plus total employed part time for economic reasons, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all persons marginally attached to									
the labor force	8.0	7.2	7.5	8.1	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.6

NOTE: Persons marginally attached to the labor force are those who currently are neither working nor looking for work but indicate that they want and are available for a job and have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, have given a job-market related reason for not currently looking for work. Persons employed part time for economic reasons are those who want and are available for full-time work but have had to settle for a part-time schedule. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-16. Persons not in the labor force and multiple jobholders by sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	То	tal	M	en	Wor	men
Category	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2018
NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE						
Total not in the labor force	96,230	96,378	38,955	39,370	57,275	57,008
Persons who currently want a job	5,071	5,121	2,330	2,514	2,742	2,607
Marginally attached to the labor force <sup>1</sup>	1,623	1,556	811	878	812	678
Discouraged workers <sup>2</sup>	474	375	316	232	158	143
Other persons marginally attached to the labor force <sup>3</sup>	1,149	1,181	495	646	654	535
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS						
Total multiple jobholders <sup>4</sup>	7,776	8,030	3,744	3,952	4,032	4,078
Percent of total employed	5.1	5.1	4.6	4.8	5.6	5.5
Primary job full time, secondary job part time	4,391	4,329	2,335	2,331	2,056	1,998
Primary and secondary jobs both part time	1,964	2,177	668	733	1,296	1,445
Primary and secondary jobs both full time	269	267	154	180	116	88
Hours vary on primary or secondary job	1,091	1,203	560	700	531	504

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data refer to persons who want a job, have searched for work during the prior 12 months, and were available to take a job during the reference week, but had not looked for work in the past 4 weeks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for reasons such as thinks no work available, could not find work, lacks schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as school or family responsibilities, ill health, and transportation problems, as well as a number for whom reason for nonparticipation was not determined.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes a small number of persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately. NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail [In thousands]

		Not season	ally adjusted			Sea	asonally adjus	sted	
Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Change from: Nov.2018 - Dec.2018 <sup>p</sup>
Total nonfarm  Total private  Goods-producing	148,530 125,855 20,230	150,760 127,997 21,051	151,244 128,371 20,947	151,190 128,431 20,856	147,625 125,294 20,328	149,775 127,384 20,851	149,951 127,557 20,878	150,263 127,858 20,952	312 301 74
Mining and logging	700	764	758	759	698	754	754	758	4
Logging	50.1	48.1	47.3	47.4	49.7	47.2	46.5	47.1	0.6
Mining	649.6	716.2	710.2	711.2	648.3	707.1	707.0	710.7	3.7
Oil and gas extraction	145.3	153.3	155.2	155.1	144.5	153.2	154.4	154.7	0.3
Mining, except oil and gas	183.7	194.2	192.0	190.2	185.8	191.1	191.2	192.1	0.9
Coal mining  Metal ore mining	51.9 38.4	53.2 38.9	53.2 38.4	54.0 38.4	51.8 38.4	52.9 38.9	53.3 38.5	53.9 38.4	0.6
Nonmetallic mineral mining and	30.4	30.3	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.9	30.3	30.4	-0.1
quarrying	93.4	102.1	100.4	97.8	95.7	99.3	99.4	99.8	0.4
Support activities for mining	320.6	368.7	363.0	365.9	318.0	362.8	361.4	363.9	2.5
Construction	6,970	7,496	7,389	7,253	7,072	7,314	7,314	7,352	38
Construction of buildings	1,555.5	1,646.7	1,636.7	1,625.9	1,563.8	1,621.2	1,626.5	1,634.5	8.0
Residential building	766.0	817.3	817.3	815.7	767.5	805.6	811.6	816.2	4.6
Nonresidential building	789.5	829.4	819.4	810.2	796.3	815.6	814.9	818.3	3.4
Heavy and civil engineering construction	942.4	1,092.6	1,054.0	1,003.0	991.3	1,034.6	1,037.5	1,053.8	16.3
Specialty trade contractors.	4,471.7	4,756.8	4,698.4	4,623.9	4,516.7	4,657.9	4,650.2	4,663.4	13.2
Residential specialty trade contractors	1,964.9 2,506.8	2,085.3 2,671.5	2,060.9 2,637.5	2,018.3 2,605.6	1,986.5 2,530.2	2,042.2 2,615.7	2,040.5 2,609.7	2,037.6 2,625.8	-2.9 16.1
Manufacturing	12,560	12,791	12,800	12,844	12,558	12,783	12,810	12,842	32
•						· ·			
Durable goods	7,829 399.1	8,000 408.6	8,015 407.9	8,045 406.8	7,821 398.5	8,004 407.0	8,018 406.8	8,037 405.7	19 -1.1
Nonmetallic mineral products	413.0	425.9	425.3	422.2	415.8	422.0	423.2	424.6	1.4
Primary metals	379.9	381.5	384.2	387.1	378.7	382.1	385.4	386.4	1.0
Fabricated metal products	1,458.2	1,495.4	1,495.1	1,503.2	1,456.0	1,498.0	1,497.5	1,504.2	6.7
Machinery	1,097.5	1,129.8	1,133.2	1,140.3	1,097.2	1,133.9	1,136.6	1,139.9	3.3
Computer and electronic products	1,057.2	1,070.2	1,072.9	1,080.2	1,055.8	1,072.2	1,074.6	1,078.2	3.6
Computer and peripheral equipment	166.3	170.7	170.8	170.6	166.0	170.7	170.4	170.3	-0.1
Communications equipment Semiconductors and electronic	86.5	85.5	85.7	86.4	86.5	85.6	85.9	86.3	0.4
components  Electronic instruments	367.6 404.1	368.8 412.3	370.2 413.3	372.4 417.6	366.6 404.1	369.9 413.3	370.8 414.6	371.3 417.2	0.5 2.6
Miscellaneous computer and electronic products.	32.7	32.9	32.9	33.2	32.7	32.7	32.9	33.1	0.2
Electrical equipment and appliances	395.6	408.1	409.9	411.2	395.1	408.7	410.2	410.6	0.4
Transportation equipment <sup>1</sup>	1,642.3	1,685.1	1,692.1	1,700.3	1,639.0	1,686.4	1,690.9	1,695.0	4.1
Motor vehicles and parts <sup>2</sup>	959.2	968.9	968.9	973.8	956.3	969.0	967.6	969.4	1.8
Furniture and related products	392.2	391.3	390.4	391.0	392.2	391.0	391.4	390.7	-0.7
Miscellaneous durable goods manufacturing	593.6	603.7	603.7	602.4	592.3	602.3	601.0	601.3	0.3
Nondurable goods	4,731	4,791	4,785	4,799	4,737	4,779	4,792	4,805	13
Food manufacturing  Textile mills	1,620.0 111.8	1,655.4 111.1	1,644.8 112.4	1,649.6 112.4	1,623.9	1,646.5 111.3	1,650.2 112.2	1,653.9 112.3	3.7 0.1
Textile product mills	111.8	111.1	111.2	111.8	111.5 112.8	111.3	112.2	112.3	0.1
Apparel	116.5	111.8	111.2	110.9	115.9	111.6	110.7	110.6	-0.1
Paper and paper products	369.8	377.0	377.3	379.7	370.0	378.6	378.4	380.2	1.8
Printing and related support activities	439.3	432.4	432.6	432.2	436.9	431.6	430.9	429.9	-1.0
Petroleum and coal products	113.0	119.0	115.3	114.6	114.9	116.4	115.3	116.6	1.3
Chemicals	831.6	836.1	841.6	844.6	830.3	838.0	844.3	843.1	-1.2
Plastics and rubber products	723.9	727.1	732.8	735.7	724.3	731.0	733.7	735.9	2.2
Miscellaneous nondurable goods manufacturing	292.4	310.1	305.4	307.2	296.0	303.5	305.6	311.1	5.5
Private service-providing	105,625	106,946	107,424	107,575	104,966	106,533	106,679	106,906	227
Trade, transportation, and utilities	28,337	27,897	28,506	28,704	27,593	27,861	27,929	27,963	34
Wholesale trade	5,951.7	6,021.9	6,036.2	6,042.8	5,941.9	6,013.1	6,022.4	6,030.8	8.4
Durable goods	2,998.1	3,038.1	3,050.5	3,058.4	2,994.9	3,041.4	3,048.8	3,053.7	4.9
Nondurable goods	2,057.5	2,063.5	2,065.2	2,061.3	2,054.8	2,053.3	2,055.1	2,057.0	1.9

# Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail — Continued

[In thousands]

mousanusj		Not season	ally adjusted			Sea	asonally adjus	sted	
Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Change from: Nov.2018 - Dec.2018 <sup>p</sup>
Wholesale trade - Continued									
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	896.1	920.3	920.5	923.1	892.2	918.4	918.5	920.1	1.6
Retail trade	16,371.1	15,890.4	16,370.2	16,446.7	15,861.1	15,899.7	15,928.9	15,952.7	23.8
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	2,010.6	2,047.4	2,039.9	2,038.3	2,019.9	2,044.0	2,040.3	2,047.6	7.3
Automobile dealers	1,300.8	1,314.9	1,311.3	1,314.8	1,303.4	1,312.4	1,311.0	1,317.3	6.3
Other motor vehicle dealers	147.8	157.2	152.0	148.9	155.9	158.0	156.9	157.1	0.2
Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores	562.0	575.3	576.6	574.6	560.6	573.6	572.4	573.2	0.8
Furniture and home furnishings stores	503.2	489.1	502.9	512.1	480.7	487.1	487.1	489.8	2.7
Electronics and appliance stores	513.0	489.8	492.6	489.9	495.0	487.1	476.6	476.7	0.1
Building material and garden supply stores	1,261.0	1,276.6	1,271.5	1,264.4	1,299.5	1,303.1	1,303.5	1,304.4	0.9
Food and beverage stores	3,125.2	3,106.4	3,134.8	3,144.1	3,099.8	3,105.3	3,110.9	3,114.9	4.0
Health and personal care stores	1,089.1	1,055.2	1,079.4	1,086.0	1,065.9	1,058.6	1,061.3	1,061.2	-0.1
Gasoline stations	930.3	941.3	945.9	940.6	933.1	940.4	942.2	943.5	1.3
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,486.5	1,340.6	1,468.2	1,487.0	1,347.5	1,355.2	1,351.5	1,351.5	0.0
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music									
stores	674.4	557.4	589.8	588.4	598.8	553.7	541.1	531.7	-9.4
General merchandise stores	3,334.3	3,148.2	3,374.4	3,420.9	3,121.7	3,145.9	3,182.9	3,197.9	15.0
Department stores	1,315.2	1,175.5	1,298.7	1,344.1	1,175.5	1,180.5	1,190.7	1,198.8	8.1
General merchandise stores, including warehouse clubs and supercenters	2,019.1	1,972.7	2,075.7	2,076.8	1,946.2	1,965.4	1,992.1	1,999.1	7.0
Miscellaneous store retailers	835.6	831.2	847.7	850.6	821.2	820.8	832.2	835.3	3.1
Nonstore retailers	607.9	607.2	623.1	624.4	578.0	598.5	599.3	598.2	-1.1
Transportation and warehousing	5.459.1	5,432.8	5,547.2	5,659.3	5,236.2	5.394.9	5.423.8	5.426.0	2.2
Air transportation	497.7	5,432.6	5,547.2	505.5	499.6	5,394.9	5,423.6	507.3	0.7
Rail transportation.	211.8	216.4	216.4	216.4	212.1	215.8	216.0	216.7	0.7
Water transportation.	64.7	66.0	64.7	64.6	65.8	65.6	65.5	65.6	0.7
Truck transportation	1,460.2	1,505.9	1,504.2	1,497.5	1,460.3	1,489.9	1,494.0	1,496.9	2.9
Transit and ground passenger	.,	1,000.0	.,	1,10110	1,10010	1,10010	1,10110	1,10010	
transportation	511.0	512.8	510.8	509.5	495.5	494.5	494.4	494.2	-0.2
Pipeline transportation	47.8	47.0	46.8	46.9	47.6	47.0	46.8	46.6	-0.2
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	30.0	35.9	32.4	31.3	36.0	35.2	36.9	36.9	0.0
Support activities for transportation	703.8	720.7	725.8	730.4	700.2	717.6	724.0	725.7	1.7
Couriers and messengers	887.9	748.8	845.1	958.3	707.7	764.9	777.4	772.2	-5.2
Warehousing and storage	1,044.2	1,073.3	1,096.1	1,098.9	1,011.4	1,058.2	1,062.2	1,063.9	1.7
Utilities	554.9	551.9	552.6	554.8	554.1	552.8	553.4	553.9	0.5
Information	2,784	2,773	2,782	2,763	2,776	2,766	2,761	2,760	-1
Publishing industries, except Internet	720.3	715.1	718.0	716.9	717.0	713.8	715.0	713.4	-1.6
Motion picture and sound recording									
industries	414.6	420.5	417.5	397.1	416.3	413.7	402.4	403.3	0.9
Broadcasting, except Internet	264.7	263.6	266.0	264.6	263.0	262.3	264.1	262.9	-1.2
Telecommunications.	778.1	746.5	749.6	751.9	773.9	749.5	748.9	748.4	-0.5
Data processing, hosting and related services	320.1	328.1	327.8	328.6	319.6	327.7	328.6	328.9	0.3
Other information services	286.5	299.0	302.8	304.0	285.9	299.3	302.4	302.8	0.4
Financial activities	8,516	8,626	8,612	8,629	8,511	8,614	8,615	8,621	6
Finance and insurance	6,301.6	6,339.6	6,345.9	6,348.3	6,291.2	6,336.3	6,340.5	6,337.4	-3.1
Monetary authorities - central bank	19.0	19.2	19.2	19.2	18.9	19.2	19.1	19.2	0.1
Credit intermediation and related	10.0	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.5	10.2		10.2	"."
activities	2,660.6	2,662.5	2,657.8	2,655.0	2,657.3	2,664.1	2,658.5	2,652.9	-5.6
Depository credit intermediation <sup>1</sup>	1,714.5	1,713.2	1,714.4	1,715.9	1,716.0	1,719.1	1,718.0	1,717.9	-0.1
Commercial banking	1,321.1	1,313.2	1,313.6	1,313.2	1,322.5	1,318.1	1,316.8	1,315.0	-1.8
Nondepository credit intermediation	629.9	632.7	627.5	623.4	625.9	628.9	625.2	620.7	-4.5
Activities related to credit intermediation	316.2	316.6	315.9	315.7	315.4	316.2	315.3	314.3	-1.0
Securities, commodity contracts, investments, and funds and trusts	952.5	971.3	978.2	981.2	950.8	969.5	976.7	977.9	1.2
		2,686.6	2,690.7	2,692.9	2,664.2	2,683.5	2,686.2	2,687.4	1.2
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,669.5	1		1					
Insurance carriers and related activities Real estate and rental and leasing	2,214.7	2,286.4	2,266.4	2,280.3	2,219.5	2,277.7	2,274.9	2,283.2	8.3
Insurance carriers and related activities		1		2,280.3 1,657.6 597.5	2,219.5 1,611.1 584.2	2,277.7 1,646.5 606.0	2,274.9 1,646.5 603.5	2,283.2 1,652.1 606.1	8.3 5.6 2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

# Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail — Continued

[In thousands]

•		Not season	ally adjusted			Sea	asonally adju	sted	
Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Change from: Nov.2018 Dec.2018
Real estate and rental and leasing - Continued									
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	24.4	25.3	25.1	25.2	24.2	25.2	24.9	25.0	0.1
Professional and business services	20,770	21,381	21,431	21,349	20,677	21,173	21,217	21,260	43
Professional and technical services	9,110.2	9,316.4	9,370.7	9,391.5	9,080.8	9,322.4	9,348.9	9,366.5	17.6
Legal services	1,143.8	1,141.7	1,139.5	1,143.2	1,137.1	1,138.6	1,137.3	1,136.7	-0.6
Accounting and bookkeeping services	979.8	969.0	998.8	1,017.0	982.1	1,019.5	1,020.9	1,023.7	2.8
Architectural and engineering services	1,454.6	1,502.2	1,500.4	1,499.8	1,456.0	1,493.4	1,498.7	1,500.1	1.4
Specialized design services  Computer systems design and related services	140.6 2,066.2	139.8	142.5 2,153.6	142.6 2,142.6	138.3	138.8	140.1 2,139.8	140.3 2,142.0	0.2
Management and technical consulting services.	1,439.1	1,484.7	1,488.7	1,492.7	1,424.1	1,470.0	1,472.8	1,477.0	4.2
Scientific research and development services	662.5	688.5	691.0	695.1	663.1	690.1	691.9	695.5	3.6
Advertising and related services	493.0	496.7	498.9	500.5	490.9	495.5	498.2	499.6	1.4
Other professional and technical services	730.6	753.7	757.3	758.0	724.7	746.9	749.3	751.6	2.3
Management of companies and enterprises	2,312.1	2,338.8	2,337.7	2,341.0	2,308.4	2,340.2	2,337.3	2,337.7	0.4
Administrative and waste services  Administrative and support services	9,347.8	9,725.9	9,722.5	9,616.3	9,287.4	9,510.6	9,531.0	9,556.2	25.2
Office administrative services	8,931.5 519.3	9,288.6 530.2	9,286.8 532.7	9,179.0 532.2	8,869.4 518.7	9,074.3 529.2	9,094.0 530.0	9,117.0 531.4	23.0
Facilities support services	155.3	159.6	158.3	158.0	155.8	158.2	157.9	158.2	0.3
Employment services <sup>1</sup>	3,800.5	3,902.9	3,935.8	3,920.7	3,673.6	3,769.6	3,777.6	3,792.4	14.8
Temporary help services	3,113.6	3,198.2	3,229.6	3,215.5	2,998.1	3,075.9	3,086.4	3,096.7	10.3
Business support services  Travel arrangement and reservation	932.1	924.6	937.3	935.3	908.5	910.3	913.3	911.5	-1.8
services	213.9	217.4	213.4	212.5	216.4	217.2	215.3	215.1	-0.2
Investigation and security services	933.2	949.0	952.2	958.7	927.9	944.0	947.8	952.5	4.7
Services to buildings and dwellings	2,052.0 325.2	2,258.3 346.6	2,217.2 339.9	2,121.5 340.1	2,137.6 331.1	2,203.8 342.2	2,208.7 343.4	2,209.9 345.9	1.2 2.5
Other support services	416.3	437.3	435.7	437.3	418.0	436.3	437.0	439.2	2.5
Education and health services	23,556	23,997	24,066	24,077	23,380	23,794	23,815	23,897	82
Educational services.	3,808.3	3,900.3	3,919.4	3,865.3	3,695.7	3,738.4	3,728.5	3,752.6	24.1
Health care and social assistance	19,748.0	20,096.3	20,146.7	20,212.1	19,684.4	20,055.4	20,086.7	20,144.6	57.9
Health care <sup>3</sup>	15,921.8	16,163.9	16,207.3	16,272.3	15,867.0	16,134.8	16,162.8	16,213.0	50.2
Ambulatory health care services	7,419.1	7,571.2	7,597.3	7,640.6	7,388.6	7,549.9	7,570.5	7,608.3	37.8
Offices of physicians	2,628.0	2,661.3	2,668.5	2,682.7	2,612.2	2,652.9	2,659.4	2,666.1	6.7
Offices of dentists	945.2	956.6	957.5	965.8	943.5	954.5	955.3	962.5	7.2
Offices of other health practitioners	908.4	943.5	950.2	954.6	905.6	942.2	945.6	951.2	5.6
Outpatient care centers  Medical and diagnostic laboratories	916.2 275.6	943.7 284.5	949.8 284.0	953.6 287.5	914.0 274.0	943.5 284.0	948.1 284.2	951.2 285.9	3.1
Home health care services	1,436.5	1,478.5	1,483.3	1,493.7	1,430.5	1,471.9	1,474.8	1,488.1	13.3
Other ambulatory health care			,	,			,		
services	309.2	303.1	304.0	302.7	308.8	301.0	303.1	303.2	0.1
Hospitals	5,135.9	5,221.7	5,236.1	5,244.8	5,124.0	5,215.1	5,224.4	5,231.8	7.4
Nursing and residential care facilities	3,366.8 1,626.6	3,371.0 1,612.5	3,373.9 1,616.4	3,386.9 1,620.8	3,354.4 1,619.7	3,369.8 1,611.4	3,367.9 1,612.0	3,372.9 1,612.7	5.0 0.7
Residential mental health facilities	635.8	637.0	635.8	640.7	635.0	637.7	636.1	639.0	2.9
Community care facilities for the	000.0	007.10	000.0	0.0	000.0	007.11	000.1	000.0	
elderly	934.0	947.5	947.5	949.6	929.4	946.6	945.6	945.7	0.1
Other residential care facilities	170.4	174.0	174.2	175.8	170.3	174.0	174.1	175.4	1.3
Social assistance	3,826.2	3,932.4	3,939.4	3,939.8	3,817.4	3,920.6	3,923.9	3,931.6	7.7
Individual and family services  Emergency and other relief services	2,366.7 172.0	2,458.8 175.9	2,463.8 177.5	2,468.8 178.4	2,366.4 170.6	2,458.3 176.5	2,461.7 177.4	2,470.0 176.7	8.3
Vocational rehabilitation services	344.0	347.5	346.5	345.1	345.0	347.7	346.3	345.8	-0.7
Child day care services	943.5	950.2	951.6	947.5	935.5	938.1	938.4	939.1	0.7
Leisure and hospitality	15,862	16,384	16,153	16,184	16,207	16,440	16,458	16,513	55
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2,174.0	2,355.9	2,226.2	2,232.1	2,349.9	2,393.5	2,391.9	2,398.9	7.0
Performing arts and spectator sports  Museums, historical sites, and similar	475.4	528.6	492.7	488.6	496.5	516.4	508.3	508.4	0.1
institutions	163.0	176.6	171.8	169.9	171.5	176.1	177.7	178.3	0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

#### Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

#### — Continued

[In thousands]

		Not seasona	ally adjusted			Sea	asonally adjus	sted	
Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Change from: Nov.2018 - Dec.2018 <sup>p</sup>
Arts, entertainment, and recreation - Continued									
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	1,535.6	1,650.7	1,561.7	1,573.6	1,681.9	1,701.0	1,705.9	1,712.2	6.3
Accommodation and food services	13,687.7	14,028.3	13,927.2	13,952.3	13,857.5	14,046.1	14,065.6	14,114.3	48.7
Accommodation	1,948.5	2,020.4	1,967.0	1,968.0	2,013.8	2,032.3	2,027.2	2,035.2	8.0
Food services and drinking places	11,739.2	12,007.9	11,960.2	11,984.3	11,843.7	12,013.8	12,038.4	12,079.1	40.7
Other services	5,800	5,888	5,874	5,869	5,822	5,885	5,884	5,892	8
Repair and maintenance	1,309.6	1,328.9	1,320.2	1,321.0	1,316.8	1,327.2	1,325.6	1,327.7	2.1
Personal and laundry services	1,507.2	1,543.4	1,540.5	1,541.0	1,507.0	1,539.6	1,537.6	1,540.8	3.2
Membership associations and organizations	2,982.8	3,015.3	3,013.3	3,006.9	2,998.0	3,018.2	3,021.1	3,023.5	2.4
Government	22,675	22,763	22,873	22,759	22,331	22,391	22,394	22,405	11
Federal	2,811.0	2,799.0	2,804.0	2,820.0	2,795.0	2,801.0	2,807.0	2,804.0	-3.0
Federal, except U.S. Postal Service	2,180.3	2,195.2	2,187.9	2,192.7	2,182.4	2,194.2	2,193.2	2,195.2	2.0
U.S. Postal Service	630.2	603.7	615.6	627.6	612.6	607.2	613.6	609.2	-4.4
State government	5,233.0	5,292.0	5,302.0	5,243.0	5,129.0	5,133.0	5,126.0	5,131.0	5.0
State government education	2,576.9	2,632.7	2,641.9	2,578.9	2,462.3	2,464.1	2,456.9	2,457.0	0.1
State government, excluding education	2,655.6	2,659.4	2,659.7	2,663.9	2,667.1	2,668.4	2,669.1	2,673.9	4.8
Local government	14,631.0	14,672.0	14,767.0	14,696.0	14,407.0	14,457.0	14,461.0	14,470.0	9.0
Local government education	8,246.2	8,217.5	8,296.2	8,263.0	7,938.2	7,959.0	7,954.1	7,956.3	2.2
Local government, excluding education	6,384.9	6,454.0	6,470.6	6,432.8	6,468.4	6,497.9	6,506.4	6,513.2	6.8

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Includes other industries, not shown separately.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes ambulatory health care services, hospitals, and nursing and residential care facilities.

p Preliminary

Table B-2. Average weekly hours and overtime of all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry

sector, seasonally adjusted

Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>
AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS				
Total private	34.5	34.5	34.4	34.5
Goods-producing	40.5	40.3	40.2	40.6
Mining and logging	45.7	45.8	45.7	46.0
Construction	39.5	39.0	38.7	39.5
Manufacturing	40.8	40.8	40.8	40.9
Durable goods	41.3	41.1	41.1	41.2
Nondurable goods	40.0	40.1	40.3	40.2
Private service-providing	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	34.5	34.4	34.5	34.4
Wholesale trade	39.3	38.9	39.0	39.0
Retail trade	31.1	30.9	31.0	30.9
Transportation and warehousing	38.7	38.9	39.0	38.9
Utilities	42.0	42.1	42.2	42.2
Information	36.2	36.2	36.2	36.4
Financial activities	37.6	37.8	37.6	37.5
Professional and business services	36.0	36.1	36.1	36.2
Education and health services	33.0	33.0	32.9	33.0
Leisure and hospitality	26.2	26.0	26.0	26.0
Other services	31.8	31.8	31.8	31.8
AVERAGE OVERTIME HOURS				
Manufacturing	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6
Durable goods	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6
Nondurable goods	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.5

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Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry

sector, seasonally adjusted

		Average hou	urly earnings	;		Average wee	ekly earnings	S
Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>
Total private	\$26.64	\$27.31	\$27.37	\$27.48	\$919.08	\$942.20	\$941.53	\$948.06
Goods-producing	27.84	28.41	28.50	28.61	1,127.52	1,144.92	1,145.70	1,161.57
Mining and logging	32.24	32.87	33.07	33.07	1,473.37	1,505.45	1,511.30	1,521.22
Construction	29.31	30.23	30.29	30.44	1,157.75	1,178.97	1,172.22	1,202.38
Manufacturing	26.77	27.12	27.23	27.30	1,092.22	1,106.50	1,110.98	1,116.57
Durable goods	28.05	28.53	28.71	28.76	1,158.47	1,172.58	1,179.98	1,184.91
Nondurable goods	24.58	24.71	24.70	24.79	983.20	990.87	995.41	996.56
Private service-providing	26.36	27.05	27.11	27.21	877.79	900.77	902.76	906.09
Trade, transportation, and utilities	23.04	23.63	23.64	23.80	794.88	812.87	815.58	818.72
Wholesale trade	30.30	30.83	30.87	31.04	1,190.79	1,199.29	1,203.93	1,210.56
Retail trade	18.34	19.03	19.05	19.26	570.37	588.03	590.55	595.13
Transportation and warehousing	24.22	24.44	24.40	24.40	937.31	950.72	951.60	949.16
Utilities	39.52	41.13	41.30	41.44	1,659.84	1,731.57	1,742.86	1,748.77
Information	38.80	40.57	40.73	41.02	1,404.56	1,468.63	1,474.43	1,493.13
Financial activities	34.04	35.02	35.31	35.45	1,279.90	1,323.76	1,327.66	1,329.38
Professional and business services	31.96	32.73	32.80	32.86	1,150.56	1,181.55	1,184.08	1,189.53
Education and health services	26.65	27.18	27.24	27.27	879.45	896.94	896.20	899.91
Leisure and hospitality	15.69	16.14	16.20	16.27	411.08	419.64	421.20	423.02
Other services.	24.22	24.56	24.58	24.65	770.20	781.01	781.64	783.87

p Preliminary

Table B-4. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours and payrolls for all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

[2007=100]

	I.	ndex of ag	gregate we	ekly hours	31	In	dex of agg	of aggregate weekly payrolls					
Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Percent change from: Nov. 2018 - Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Percent change from: Nov. 2018 - Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>			
Total private	108.5	110.3	110.1	110.7	0.5	138.2	144.0	144.1	145.4	0.9			
Goods-producing	93.8	95.7	95.6	96.9	1.4	118.0	122.9	123.2	125.3	1.7			
Mining and logging	100.2	108.5	108.3	109.6	1.2	129.7	143.2	143.8	145.5	1.2			
Construction	96.3	98.3	97.6	100.1	2.6	122.6	129.2	128.4	132.4	3.1			
Manufacturing	92.2	93.8	94.0	94.5	0.5	114.8	118.3	119.1	120.0	0.8			
Durable goods	90.9	92.6	92.8	93.2	0.4	113.3	117.4	118.3	119.1	0.7			
Nondurable goods	94.6	95.7	96.4	96.4	0.0	118.0	119.9	120.8	121.3	0.4			
Private service-providing	112.5	114.1	114.3	114.5	0.2	144.1	150.0	150.6	151.4	0.5			
Trade, transportation, and utilities	103.5	104.2	104.8	104.6	-0.2	128.4	132.6	133.3	134.0	0.5			
Wholesale trade	101.9	102.1	102.5	102.6	0.1	128.8	131.3	132.0	132.9	0.7			
Retail trade	100.2	99.8	100.3	100.1	-0.2	121.5	125.6	126.3	127.5	1.0			
Transportation and warehousing	116.0	120.1	121.1	120.8	-0.2	142.5	149.0	149.9	149.6	-0.2			
Utilities	100.7	100.7	101.0	101.1	0.1	131.5	136.8	137.9	138.5	0.4			
Information	91.8	91.4	91.3	91.8	0.5	126.8	132.1	132.4	134.0	1.2			
Financial activities	104.8	106.6	106.1	105.9	-0.2	139.2	145.7	146.1	146.4	0.2			
Professional and business services	117.1	120.2	120.5	121.0	0.4	151.6	159.4	160.1	161.1	0.6			
Education and health services	126.0	128.2	127.9	128.8	0.7	161.5	167.6	167.7	168.9	0.7			
Leisure and hospitality	121.2	122.0	122.1	122.5	0.3	153.4	158.8	159.6	160.8	0.8			
Other services	106.7	107.9	107.9	108.0	0.1	141.7	145.2	145.3	146.0	0.5			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2007 annual average aggregate hours. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and employment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding 2007 annual average aggregate weekly payrolls. Aggregate payrolls estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and employment.

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Table B-5. Employment of women on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

	Won	nen employe	es (in thous	ands)		Percent of a	;	
Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>
Total nonfarm	73,124	74,447	74,559	74,726	49.5	49.7	49.7	49.7
Total private	60,286	61,522	61,631	61,787	48.1	48.3	48.3	48.3
Goods-producing	4,466	4,634	4,648	4,654	22.0	22.2	22.3	22.2
Mining and logging	91	96	96	97	13.0	12.7	12.7	12.8
Construction	902	944	952	954	12.8	12.9	13.0	13.0
Manufacturing	3,473	3,594	3,600	3,603	27.7	28.1	28.1	28.1
Durable goods	1,831	1,901	1,904	1,906	23.4	23.8	23.7	23.7
Nondurable goods	1,642	1,693	1,696	1,697	34.7	35.4	35.4	35.3
Private service-providing	55,820	56,888	56,983	57,133	53.2	53.4	53.4	53.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	11,057	11,165	11,204	11,222	40.1	40.1	40.1	40.1
Wholesale trade	1,755.4	1,798.6	1,799.3	1,801.5	29.5	29.9	29.9	29.9
Retail trade	7,888.2	7,897.0	7,929.3	7,944.7	49.7	49.7	49.8	49.8
Transportation and warehousing	1,285.8	1,340.4	1,346.0	1,346.0	24.6	24.8	24.8	24.8
Utilities	127.4	128.7	129.5	129.8	23.0	23.3	23.4	23.4
Information	1,095	1,091	1,087	1,082	39.4	39.4	39.4	39.2
Financial activities	4,797	4,862	4,859	4,859	56.4	56.4	56.4	56.4
Professional and business services	9,327	9,614	9,624	9,644	45.1	45.4	45.4	45.4
Education and health services	17,981	18,355	18,393	18,451	76.9	77.1	77.2	77.2
Leisure and hospitality	8,477	8,664	8,675	8,725	52.3	52.7	52.7	52.8
Other services	3,086	3,137	3,141	3,150	53.0	53.3	53.4	53.5
Government	12,838	12,925	12,928	12,939	57.5	57.7	57.7	57.8

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## Table B-6. Employment of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup>

[In thousands]

Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>
Total private	103,244	104,937	105,047	105,321
Goods-producing	14,633	14,969	14,972	15,058
Mining and logging	517	563	560	566
Construction	5,294	5,439	5,427	5,473
Manufacturing	8,822	8,967	8,985	9,019
Durable goods	5,371	5,510	5,524	5,549
Nondurable goods	3,451	3,457	3,461	3,470
Private service-providing	88,611	89,968	90,075	90,263
Trade, transportation, and utilities	23,304	23,557	23,610	23,635
Wholesale trade	4,765.4	4,824.2	4,835.8	4,849.1
Retail trade	13,533.9	13,582.8	13,594.4	13,607.2
Transportation and warehousing	4,559.0	4,706.5	4,735.9	4,734.1
Utilities	445.8	443.8	443.8	444.5
Information	2,236	2,230	2,229	2,228
Financial activities	6,609	6,677	6,673	6,685
Professional and business services	16,846	17,289	17,319	17,361
Education and health services	20,528	20,890	20,903	20,956
Leisure and hospitality	14,276	14,452	14,468	14,520
Other services.	4,812	4,873	4,873	4,878

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

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Table B-7. Average weekly hours and overtime of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup>

Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>
AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS				
Total private	33.8	33.7	33.7	33.7
Goods-producing	41.3	41.3	41.2	41.5
Mining and logging	46.5	46.3	45.8	46.3
Construction	40.0	39.6	39.3	40.1
Manufacturing	41.8	42.0	42.0	42.0
Durable goods	42.2	42.4	42.3	42.5
Nondurable goods	41.2	41.3	41.4	41.3
Private service-providing	32.5	32.4	32.4	32.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	34.0	33.9	33.9	33.8
Wholesale trade	39.2	38.8	38.9	38.8
Retail trade	30.4	30.4	30.3	30.2
Transportation and warehousing	38.3	38.2	38.3	38.1
Utilities	42.4	42.6	42.8	42.5
Information	35.8	35.5	35.5	35.6
Financial activities	37.0	37.1	37.0	37.0
Professional and business services	35.4	35.3	35.2	35.3
Education and health services	32.3	32.2	32.2	32.3
Leisure and hospitality	25.0	24.8	24.8	24.7
Other services	30.9	30.9	31.0	30.8
AVERAGE OVERTIME HOURS				
Manufacturing	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.6
Durable goods	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.8
Nondurable goods	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

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Table B-8. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup>

		Average hou	ırly earnings			Average wee	ekly earnings	3
Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>
Total private	\$22.31	\$22.88	\$22.96	\$23.05	\$754.08	\$771.06	\$773.75	\$776.79
Goods-producing	23.54	24.20	24.27	24.37	972.20	999.46	999.92	1,011.36
Mining and logging	27.79	28.84	28.95	28.89	1,292.24	1,335.29	1,325.91	1,337.61
Construction	27.12	28.05	28.15	28.27	1,084.80	1,110.78	1,106.30	1,133.63
Manufacturing	21.21	21.68	21.76	21.80	886.58	910.56	913.92	915.60
Durable goods	22.21	22.63	22.72	22.78	937.26	959.51	961.06	968.15
Nondurable goods	19.61	20.13	20.18	20.17	807.93	831.37	835.45	833.02
Private service-providing	22.05	22.60	22.68	22.77	716.63	732.24	734.83	737.75
Trade, transportation, and utilities	19.53	20.14	20.20	20.33	664.02	682.75	684.78	687.15
Wholesale trade	24.80	25.55	25.59	25.82	972.16	991.34	995.45	1,001.82
Retail trade	15.52	16.09	16.14	16.24	471.81	489.14	489.04	490.45
Transportation and warehousing	21.54	22.04	22.02	22.14	824.98	841.93	843.37	843.53
Utilities	36.12	36.95	37.28	37.24	1,531.49	1,574.07	1,595.58	1,582.70
Information	31.05	32.37	32.57	32.75	1,111.59	1,149.14	1,156.24	1,165.90
Financial activities	26.82	26.99	27.15	27.26	992.34	1,001.33	1,004.55	1,008.62
Professional and business services	26.30	26.95	27.03	27.12	931.02	951.34	951.46	957.34
Education and health services	23.30	23.78	23.90	23.90	752.59	765.72	769.58	771.97
Leisure and hospitality	13.60	14.06	14.10	14.18	340.00	348.69	349.68	350.25
Other services	20.45	20.77	20.79	20.84	631.91	641.79	644.49	641.87

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

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Table B-9. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours and payrolls for production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup>

[2002=100]

	li	ndex of ag	gregate we	ekly hours	32	In	Index of aggregate weekly payrol					
Industry	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Percent change from: Nov. 2018 - Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2017	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>	Percent change from: Nov. 2018 - Dec. 2018 <sup>p</sup>		
Total private	116.3	117.8	117.9	118.3	0.3	173.3	180.1	181.0	182.2	0.7		
Goods-producing	92.4	94.5	94.3	95.5	1.3	133.1	140.0	140.1	142.5	1.7		
Mining and logging	127.8	138.5	136.3	139.3	2.2	206.5	232.3	229.5	234.0	2.0		
Construction	106.0	107.8	106.8	109.9	2.9	155.3	163.3	162.3	167.7	3.3		
Manufacturing	84.7	86.5	86.6	87.0	0.5	117.4	122.6	123.3	124.0	0.6		
Durable goods	85.2	87.8	87.8	88.6	0.9	118.1	124.0	124.6	126.0	1.1		
Nondurable goods	83.8	84.1	84.4	84.4	0.0	116.1	119.7	120.4	120.4	0.0		
Private service-providing	122.6	124.1	124.3	124.5	0.2	185.4	192.4	193.3	194.5	0.6		
Trade, transportation, and utilities	110.5	111.3	111.6	111.4	-0.2	153.9	159.9	160.8	161.5	0.4		
Wholesale trade	110.0	110.2	110.8	110.8	0.0	160.7	165.9	167.0	168.5	0.9		
Retail trade	104.1	104.5	104.3	104.0	-0.3	138.5	144.1	144.2	144.8	0.4		
Transportation and warehousing	131.4	135.3	136.5	135.8	-0.5	179.6	189.2	190.7	190.7	0.0		
Utilities	96.7	96.7	97.1	96.6	-0.5	145.7	149.1	151.2	150.2	-0.7		
Information	91.4	90.4	90.3	90.5	0.2	140.4	144.8	145.6	146.8	0.8		
Financial activities	115.1	116.6	116.2	116.4	0.2	189.9	193.6	194.1	195.3	0.6		
Professional and business services	133.7	136.8	136.6	137.3	0.5	209.2	219.4	219.8	221.7	0.9		
Education and health services	141.4	143.4	143.5	144.3	0.6	217.4	225.1	226.4	227.7	0.6		
Leisure and hospitality	130.7	131.3	131.4	131.4	0.0	201.9	209.6	210.4	211.5	0.5		
Other services	104.3	105.6	105.9	105.4	-0.5	155.4	159.8	160.5	160.0	-0.3		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2002 annual average aggregate hours. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and employment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding 2002 annual average aggregate weekly payrolls. Aggregate payrolls estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and employment.

p Preliminary