

# United States Department of Labor



## **Bureau of Labor Statistics**

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# USUAL WEEKLY EARNINGS OF WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS: FOURTH QUARTER 2007

Median weekly earnings of the nation's 108.3 million full-time wage and salary workers were \$700 in the fourth quarter of 2007, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported today. This was 2.6 percent higher than a year earlier compared with a gain of 4.0 percent in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) over the same period.

Data on usual weekly earnings are collected as part of the Current Population Survey, a nationwide sample survey of households in which respondents are asked, among other things, how much each wage and salary worker usually earns. (See the Technical Note.) Highlights from the fourth-quarter data are:

- Women who usually worked full time had median earnings of \$618 per week, or 79.8 percent of the \$774 median for men. The female-to-male earnings ratios were higher among Hispanics (92.1 percent) and blacks (90.0 percent) than among whites (79.0 percent) or Asians (75.6 percent). (See table 1.)
- Median earnings for black men working at full-time jobs were \$599 per week, 74.9 percent of the median for white men (\$800). The difference was less among women, as black women's median earnings (\$539) were 85.3 percent of those for their white counterparts (\$632). Overall, median earnings of Hispanics who worked full time (\$507) were lower than those of blacks (\$574), whites (\$722), and Asians (\$856). (See table 1.)
- Among men, those age 55 to 64 and age 45 to 54 had the highest median weekly earnings, \$930 and \$927, respectively. Among women, earnings were highest for those age 55 to 64 (\$702). (See table 2.)
- Among the major occupational groups, persons employed full time in managerial, professional, and related occupations had the highest median weekly earnings—\$1,223 for men and \$861 for women. Persons employed in service jobs earned the least. (See table 3.)
- Full-time workers age 25 and over without a high school diploma had median weekly earnings of \$424 compared with \$610 for high school graduates (no college) and \$1,086 for those holding at least a bachelor's degree. Among college graduates with advanced degrees (professional or master's degree and above), the highest earning 10 percent of male workers made \$2,910 or more per week compared with \$2,095 or more for their female counterparts. (See table 4.)

### Annual Averages for 2006 and 2007

In addition to the data for the fourth quarter, this release includes 2006 and 2007 annual average weekly earnings for major demographic and occupational groups and 2007 annual average data for educational attainment groups (tables 6, 7, and 8). Annual average data on median usual earnings for men and women by detailed occupational categories will appear in the January 2008 online version of *Employment and Earnings* at http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm.

## **Technical Note**

The estimates in this release were obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), which provides the basic information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment. The survey is conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the U.S.Census Bureau from a scientifically selected national sample of about 60,000 households, with coverage in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. The earnings data are collected from one-quarter of the CPS monthly sample and are limited to wages and salaries. The data, therefore, exclude self-employment income.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; TDD message referral phone number: 1-800-877-8339.

#### Reliability

Statistics based on the CPS are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or *sampling error*, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

The CPS data also are affected by *nonsampling error*. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For a full discussion of the reliability of data from the CPS and information on estimating standard errors, see the Household Data section of the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error" at http://www.bls.gov/cps/eetech\_methods.pdf.

#### **Definitions**

The principal definitions used in connection with the earnings series are described briefly below.

Usual weekly earnings. Data represent earnings before taxes and other deductions and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the main job in the case of multiple jobholders.) Prior to 1994, respondents were asked how much they usually earned per week. Since January 1994, respondents have been asked to identify the easiest way for them to report earnings (hourly, weekly, biweekly, twice monthly, monthly, annually, other) and how much they usually earn in the reported time period. Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly are converted to a weekly equivalent. The term "usual" is as perceived

by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months.

Medians (and other quantiles) of weekly earnings. The median (or upper limit of the second quartile) is the amount which divides a given earnings distribution into two equal groups, one having earnings above the median and the other having earnings below the median. Ten percent of a given distribution have earnings below the upper limit of the first decile (90 percent have higher earnings); 25 percent have earnings below the upper limit of the first quartile (75 percent have higher earnings); 75 percent have earnings below the upper limit of the third quartile (25 percent have higher earnings); and 90 percent have earnings below the upper limit of the ninth decile (10 percent have higher earnings).

The estimating procedure places each reported or calculated weekly earnings value into \$50-wide intervals which are centered around multiples of \$50. The actual value is estimated through the linear interpolation of the interval in which the quantile boundary lies.

Over-the-year changes in the medians (and other quantile boundaries) for specific groups may not necessarily be consistent with the movements estimated for the overall quantile boundary. The most common reasons for this possible anomaly are: (1) There could be a change in the relative weights of the subgroups. For example, the medians of both 16-to-24 year olds and those 25 years and over may rise; but if the lower-earning 16-to-24 group accounts for a greatly increased share of the total, the overall median could actually fall. (2) There could be a large change in the shape of the distribution of reported earnings, particularly near a quantile boundary. This could be caused by survey observations that are clustered at rounded values, such as \$250, \$300, \$400. An estimate lying in a \$50-wide centered interval containing such a cluster or "spike" tends to change more slowly than one in other intervals.

Wage and salary workers. Workers who receive wages, salaries, commissions, tips, payment in kind, or piece rates. The group includes employees in both the private and public sectors but, for the purposes of the earnings series, excludes all self-employed persons, regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated.

*Full-time workers*. Workers who usually work 35 hours or more per week at their sole or principal job.

*Part-time workers*. Workers who usually work fewer than 35 hours per week at their sole or principal job.

Constant dollars. The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used to convert current dollars to constant (1982) dollars.

Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. Refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as being Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 1. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, quarterly averages, not seasonally adjusted

	Number of workers (in thousands)		Median weekly earnings					
Characteristic	IV	IV 2007	In current dollars		In constant (1982) dollars			
	2006		IV 2006	IV 2007	IV 2006	IV 2007		
SEX AND AGE								
Total, 16 years and over	106,903	108,318	\$682	\$700	\$326	\$322		
Men, 16 years and over	60,060	60,482	749	774	358	356		
	6,355	6,150	429	459	205	211		
	53,705	54,332	800	831	383	382		
Women, 16 years and over	46,843	47,835	609	618	291	284		
	4,736	4,744	403	421	193	194		
	42,108	43,091	638	649	305	298		
RACE, HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY, AND SEX								
White Men Women	86,726	87,601	702	722	336	332		
	49,906	50,071	765	800	366	368		
	36,820	37,530	620	632	297	291		
Black or African American  Men  Women	12,840	12,959	569	574	272	264		
	6,028	6,100	605	599	289	276		
	6,813	6,859	521	539	249	248		
Asian	4,780	5,200	809	856	387	394		
	2,689	2,883	912	968	436	445		
	2,091	2,317	726	732	347	337		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	15,884	16,298	489	507	234	233		
	10,187	10,117	504	520	241	239		
	5,697	6,181	446	479	214	221		

Table 2. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and sex, fourth quarter 2007 averages, not seasonally adjusted

	То	tal	Men		Women	
Age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings
TOTAL						
16 years and over	108,318	\$700	60,482	\$774	47,835	\$618
16 to 24 years	10,894	441	6,150	459	4,744	421
16 to 19 years	1 '	355	896	378	583	328
20 to 24 years		464	5,254	479	4,161	443
25 years and over		741	54,332	831	43,091	649
25 to 54 years		733	45,270	814	35,225	643
25 to 34 years		642	15,040	689	11,098	590
35 to 44 years	1 '	769	15,433	868	11,732	676
45 to 54 years		792	14,797	927	12,395	676
55 years and over		797	9,062	912	7,866	672
55 to 64 years		825	7,719	930	6,816	702
65 years and over	2,394	639	1,343	757	1,050	556
White						
16 years and over		722	50,071	800	37,530	632
16 to 24 years		444	5,070	463	3,738	422
25 years and over	1 '	762	45,000	859	33,792	663
25 to 54 years		752	37,256	839	27,308	659
55 years and over	14,228	820	7,744	944	6,484	683
Black or African American						
16 years and over	12,959	574	6,100	599	6,859	539
16 to 24 years	1,362	414	668	420	694	407
25 years and over	11,597	599	5,432	625	6,165	575
25 to 54 years	9,935	597	4,694	626	5,241	572
55 years and over	1,662	613	737	623	924	598
Asian						
16 years and over	5,200	856	2,883	968	2,317	732
16 to 24 years	342	518	184	491	158	542
25 years and over	4,858	895	2,699	1,037	2,159	755
25 to 54 years		904	2,306	1,055	1,826	764
55 years and over	726	847	393	945	334	685
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
16 years and over	16,298	507	10,117	520	6,181	479
16 to 24 years		399	1,405	406	764	376
25 years and over		528	8,712	567	5,418	495
25 to 54 years		524	7,901	562	4,845	494
55 years and over	1,383	562	810	606	572	504

Table 3. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex, quarterly averages, not seasonally adjusted

Out of the state	Number of (in thou		Median weekly earnings		
Occupation and sex	IV 2006	IV 2007	IV 2006	IV 2007	
TOTAL					
Management, professional, and related occupations  Management, business, and financial operations occupations  Professional and related occupations  Service occupations  Sales and office occupations  Sales and related occupations  Office and administrative support occupations  Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations  Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations  Construction and extraction occupations  Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations  Production, transportation, and material moving occupations  Production occupations	15,608 22,806 14,669 25,637 10,002 15,636 12,777 633 7,318 4,827 15,406 8,244	39,787 16,081 23,707 14,708 25,678 10,125 15,553 12,520 711 7,118 4,691 15,624 8,627	\$972 1,018 950 426 594 639 578 658 392 617 744 554	\$1,002 1,067 966 460 596 647 582 689 388 660 774 579	
Transportation and material moving occupations  Men	7,162	6,998	535	566	
Management, professional, and related occupations Management, business, and financial operations occupations Professional and related occupations Service occupations Sales and office occupations Sales and related occupations Office and administrative support occupations Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations Construction and extraction occupations Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Production, transportation, and material moving occupations Production occupations Transportation and material moving occupations Women	8,615 10,120 7,336 9,687 5,599 4,088 12,204 507 7,110 4,587 12,098 5,865	19,308 8,698 10,609 7,292 9,554 5,469 4,085 12,045 579 6,937 4,528 12,284 6,176 6,108	1,150 1,201 1,119 488 704 788 620 664 396 619 748 601 628 567	1,223 1,274 1,169 520 708 813 604 695 410 661 779 617 646 594	
Management, professional, and related occupations  Management, business, and financial operations occupations  Professional and related occupations  Service occupations  Sales and office occupations  Sales and related occupations  Office and administrative support occupations  Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations  Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations  Construction and extraction occupations  Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations  Production, transportation, and material moving occupations  Production occupations  Transportation and material moving occupations	6,993 12,686 7,333 15,950 4,403 11,548 573 125 208 240 3,308 2,379	20,480 7,382 13,097 7,416 16,124 4,656 11,468 476 132 181 163 3,340 2,450 890	859 874 851 397 544 484 567 547 385 515 675 423 437 399	861 887 848 415 552 478 576 550 339 622 674 433 445 404	

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table 4. Quartiles and selected deciles of usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, fourth quarter 2007 averages, not seasonally adjusted

	Number of		ι	Jpper limit of	:	
Characteristic	workers (in thousands)	First decile	First quartile	Second quartile (median)	Third quartile	Ninth decile
SEX, RACE, AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY						
Total, 16 years and over		\$336	\$470	\$700	\$1,076	\$1,616
Men		361	505	774	1,215	1,842
Women	47,835	314	421	618	928	1,349
White	87,601	342	482	722	1,107	1,653
Men	50,071	371	516	800	1,245	1,876
Women	37,530	316	428	632	937	1,368
Black or African American	12,959	312	401	574	842	1,204
Men	6,100	319	412	599	873	1,263
Women	6,859	305	394	539	805	1,158
Asian	5,200	363	520	856	1,360	1,907
Men	2,883	398	612	968	1,532	2,024
Women	2,317	320	467	732	1,134	1,730
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	16,298	292	365	507	769	1,152
Men	10,117	303	381	520	818	1,219
Women	6,181	279	338	479	718	1,015
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT						
Total, 25 years and over	97,423	354	496	741	1,135	1,691
Less than a high school diploma	8,354	280	323	424	594	810
High school graduates, no college 1	28,354	325	429	610	870	1,174
Some college or associate degree		371	497	697	996	1,368
Bachelor's degree and higher <sup>2</sup>		525	746	1,086	1,601	2,297
Bachelor's degree only		496	695	994	1,498	2,078
Advanced degree	11,594	621	884	1,259	1,830	2,691
Men, 25 years and over		384	550	831	1,272	1,888
Less than a high school diploma		290	354	482	642	902
High school graduates, no college 1		364	493	697	972	1,326
Some college or associate degree	14,161	407	575	799	1,149	1,532
Bachelor's degree and higher 2	18,132	592	846	1,265	1,875	2,599
Bachelor's degree only	11,994	555	771	1,164	1,749	2,388
Advanced degree	6,139	708	980	1,466	2,047	2,910
Women, 25 years and over		326	445	649	961	1,393
Less than a high school diploma		256	298	365	468	614
High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup>		296	381	516	705	941
Some college or associate degree		341	441	606	843	1,138
Bachelor's degree and higher <sup>2</sup>		492	669	937	1,330	1,866
Bachelor's degree only		469	623	858	1,194	1,729
Advanced degree	5,456	590	802	1,087	1,527	2,095

degrees.

NOTE: Ten percent of all full-time wage and salary workers earn less than the upper limit of the first decile; 25 percent earn less than the upper limit of the limit of the first quartile; 50 percent earn less than the upper limit of the second quartile, or median; 75 percent earn less than the upper limit of the third quartile; and 90 percent earn less than the upper limit of the ninth decile. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

 $<sup>^{1}\,</sup>$  Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.  $^{2}\,$  Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral

Table 5. Median usual weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, quarterly averages, not seasonally adjusted

Ob a serato sistin	Number o (in thou		Median weekly earnings		
Characteristic	IV 2006	IV 2007	IV 2006	IV 2007	
SEX AND AGE					
otal, 16 years and over	22,556	22,140	\$208	\$214	
Men, 16 years and over	7,176	7,191	193	206	
16 to 24 years	3,697	3,556	151	165	
25 years and over	3,479	3,635	261	266	
Women, 16 years and over	15,380	14,949	215	218	
16 to 24 years	4,651	4,589	150	151	
25 years and over	10,729	10,360	258	259	
RACE, HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY, AND SEX					
White	18,818	18,630	209	216	
Men	5,816	5,881	191	205	
Women	13,002	12,749	218	224	
Black or African American	2,237	2,092	197	204	
Men	807	792	206	226	
Women	1,430	1,300	192	191	
Asian	954	847	217	204	
Men	364	288	208	185	
Women	590	559	220	213	
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,458	2,736	206	209	
Men	775	1,038	215	227	

Table 6. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, annual averages

	Number of workers (in thousands)		Median weekly earnings					
Characteristic	2006	0007	In current dollars		In constant (1982) dollars			
		2007	2006	2007	2006	2007		
SEX AND AGE								
otal, 16 years and over	106,106	107,339	\$671	\$695	\$321	\$323		
Men, 16 years and over	59.747	60,298	743	766	356	356		
16 to 24 years	6,559	6,458	418	443	200	206		
25 years and over	53,188	53,840	797	823	381	383		
Women, 16 years and over	46,358	47,041	600	614	287	286		
16 to 24 years	4,802	4,792	395	409	189	190		
25 years and over	41,556	42,249	627	646	300	301		
RACE, HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY, AND SEX								
White	86,055	86,653	690	716	330	333		
Men	49,650	49,889	761	788	364	367		
Women	36,405	36,764	609	626	292	291		
Black or African American	12,745	13,061	554	569	265	265		
Men	6,025	6,186	591	600	283	279		
Women	6,720	6,874	519	533	248	248		
Asian	4,840	5,155	784	830	375	386		
Men	2,717	2,858	882	936	422	435		
Women	2,123	2,297	699	731	335	340		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	15,693	16,201	486	503	233	234		
Men	10,007	10,248	505	520	242	242		
Women	5.686	5.953	440	473	211	220		

Table 7. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex, annual averages

Occupation and sex		of workers usands)	Median week	weekly earnings	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	
TOTAL					
Management, professional, and related occupations	37,824	39,147	\$967	\$996	
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	15,447	15,977	1,045	1,080	
Professional and related occupations	22.378	23.170	928	951	
Service occupations	14,749	14,716	422	454	
Sales and office occupations	25.688	25.702	589	598	
Sales and related occupations	10,336	10,448	628	643	
Office and administrative support occupations	15.351	15,253	572	581	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	12,512	12,486	653	670	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	716	739	387	372	
Construction and extraction occupations	7,166	7,227	619	646	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,630	4,520	742	749	
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	15,332	15,289	557	577	
Production occupations	8,391	8,389	559	581	
Transportation and material moving occupations	6,942	6,900	556	570	
Transportation and material moving occupations	0,342	0,900	330	370	
Men					
Management, professional, and related occupations	18.686	19.222	1.154	1.187	
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	8,536	8,684	1,231	1,261	
Professional and related occupations	10.149	10,538	1,109	1,148	
Service occupations	7,275	7,371	494	515	
Sales and office occupations	9.753	9.725	696	714	
Sales and related occupations	5.777	5.773	761	791	
Office and administrative support occupations	3,976	3,952	619	619	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	11,989	12,028	660	674	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	569	601	401	382	
Construction and extraction occupations	6,995	7,071	621	648	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,425	4,357	744	750	
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	12,045	11,951	601	616	
Production occupations	5.979	5.992	621	641	
Transportation and material moving occupations	6,066	5,959	581	596	
Women		·			
Management and sales and s	40.400	40.004	0.40	050	
Management, professional, and related occupations	19,138	19,924	840	858	
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	6,910	7,293	881	908	
Professional and related occupations	12,228	12,632	816	835	
Service occupations	7,473	7,345	390	406	
Sales and office occupations	15,935	15,976	538	550	
Sales and related occupations	4,560	4,675	487	493	
Office and administrative support occupations	11,375	11,301	557	570	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	524	457	518	539	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	147	138	342	348	
Construction and extraction occupations	172	156	533	573	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	205	163	697	726	
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,288	3,338	426	437	
Production occupations	2,412	2,396	432	443	
Transportation and material moving occupations	876	942	414	424	

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table 8. Quartiles and selected deciles of usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, 2007 annual averages

	Number of	Upper limit of:						
Characteristic	workers (in thousands)	First decile	First quartile	Second quartile (median)	Third quartile	Ninth decile		
TOTAL								
Fotal, 25 years and over	96,089	\$353	\$495	\$738	\$1,133	\$1,668		
Less than a high school diploma		278	326	428	603	839		
High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup>		324	428	604	860	1,175		
Some college or associate degree		373	499	704	1,002	1,391		
Bachelor's degree and higher <sup>2</sup>		519	740	1,072	1,578	2,287		
Bachelor's degree only		492	690	987	1,470	2,045		
Advanced degree	11,484	619	863	1,236	1,843	2,594		
Men								
otal, 25 years and over	53,840	385	547	823	1,258	1,887		
Less than a high school diploma	5,990	290	356	481	656	915		
High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup>		368	493	689	968	1,326		
Some college or associate degree	13,715	412	581	810	1,150	1,537		
Bachelor's degree and higher 2	17,883	587	832	1,243	1,866	2,592		
Bachelor's degree only	11,699	540	767	1,147	1,717	2,379		
Advanced degree	6,183	683	961	1,446	2,068	2,918		
Women								
otal, 25 years and over		323	444	646	960	1,392		
Less than a high school diploma		248	297	369	483	624		
High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup>		295	382	512	698	938		
Some college or associate degree		337	446	609	845	1,151		
Bachelor's degree and higher 2		486	667	932	1,313	1,841		
Bachelor's degree only		458	622	860	1,212	1,666		
Advanced degree	5,300	584	779	1,069	1,473	2,046		
White, total								
Fotal, 25 years and over		363	508	759	1,154	1,737		
Less than a high school diploma		281	331	437	612	860		
High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup>		333	450	624	892	1,222		
Some college or associate degree	21,035	381	512	729	1,035	1,432		
Bachelor's degree and higher 2	26,755	538	754	1,099	1,628	2,318		
Bachelor's degree only		504 632	708 875	1,010 1,248	1,512 1,878	2,117 2,709		
White men								
Fotal, 25 years and over	44,493	394	573	850	1,293	1,903		
Less than a high school diploma		293	362	486	666	921		
High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup>		380	511	718	998	1,368		
Some college or associate degree	11,310	427	600	841	1,177	1,569		
Bachelor's degree and higher 2	14,657	604	855	1,267	1,889	2,714		
Bachelor's degree only		576	793	1,170	1,758	2,424		
Advanced degree	4,995	707	980	1,472	2,114	3,054		
White women								
otal, 25 years and over		328	456	663	975	1,417		
Less than a high school diploma		247	296	368	480	629		
High school graduates, no college 1	9,088	299	390	523	716	954		
Some college or associate degree	9,725	342	454	621	863	1,161		
Bachelor's degree and higher 2		490	676	942	1,328	1,872		
Bachelor's degree only		463 587	631 791	870 1,072	1,228 1,487	1,727 2,076		
· ·	4,200	307	191	1,012	1,407	2,070		
Black or African American, total								
Total, 25 years and over		317	417	596	871	1,247		
Less than a high school diploma	988	261	310	400	552	726		
High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup>		299	381	504	694	963		
Some college or associate degree		338	441	594	828	1,151		
Bachelor's degree and higher <sup>2</sup>		469	628	877	1,246	1,685		
Bachelor's degree only		443	602	815	1,161	1,576		
Advanced degree	915	528	727	1,046	1,439	1,903		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Quartiles and selected deciles of usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, 2007 annual averages—Continued

	Number of	Upper limit of:						
Characteristic	workers (in thousands)	First decile	First quartile	Second quartile (median)	Third quartile	Ninth decile		
Black or African American men								
Total, 25 years and over	5,500	\$332	\$447	\$629	\$936	\$1,348		
Less than a high school diploma	538	275	322	449	616	788		
High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup>	2,002	321	408	549	768	1,043		
Some college or associate degree	1,637	360	484	645	908	1,234		
Bachelor's degree and higher 2	1,323	441	649	931	1,376	1,867		
Bachelor's degree only	931	423	618	875	1,253	1,713		
Advanced degree	392	496	757	1,125	1,540	2,077		
Black or African American women								
Total, 25 years and over	6,197	307	401	566	815	1,171		
Less than a high school diploma	450	252	299	374	490	611		
High school graduates, no college 1	2,031	286	355	470 552	621	857		
Some college or associate degree  Bachelor's degree and higher <sup>2</sup>	2,026 1,690	326 482	418 619	552 837	751 1,171	1,034 1,547		
Bachelor's degree only	1,167	461	596	771	1,103	1,347		
Advanced degree	523	566	709	1,003	1,338	1,774		
Asian, total								
Total, 25 years and over	4,832	369	524	864	1,363	1,906		
Less than a high school diploma	306	243	318	418	563	811		
High school graduates, no college 1	824	292	392	538	758	1,065		
Some college or associate degree	795	342	485	696	960	1,341		
Bachelor's degree and higher <sup>2</sup>	2,907	492	756	1,142	1,633	2,196		
Bachelor's degree only Advanced degree	1,722 1,185	457 628	696 899	1,006 1,334	1,520 1,869	1,918 2,477		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, total								
Total, 25 years and over	13,885	294	377	525	802	1,206		
Less than a high school diploma	4,682	277	316	406	545	734		
High school graduates, no college 1	4,188	297	382	524	749	1,046		
Some college or associate degree	2,830	341	456	633	916	1,269		
Bachelor's degree and higher <sup>2</sup>	2,185	419	625	923	1,387	1,958		
Bachelor's degree only	1,577 608	402 525	591 771	858 1,141	1,264 1,647	1,863 2,377		
Hispanic or Latino men								
Total, 25 years and over	8,753	306	394	562	853	1,265		
Less than a high school diploma	3,441	287	336	428	588	795		
High school graduates, no college <sup>1</sup>	2,609	318	412	584	832	1,146		
Some college or associate degree	1,527	377	500	714	1,009	1,419		
Bachelor's degree and higher 2	1,176	449	654	1,005	1,556	2,290		
Bachelor's degree only Advanced degree	854 322	415 611	609 871	927 1,248	1,411 1,887	2,011 2,521		
Hispanic or Latino women	022	011		1,210	1,001	2,021		
·	F 404	2=2	ļ ,,,					
Total, 25 years and over	5,131	279	344	493	734	1,094		
Less than a high school diploma <sup>1</sup>	1,241 1,578	239 275	289 339	343 469	438 629	566 830		
Some college or associate degree	1,303	312	414	564	775	1,080		
Bachelor's degree and higher <sup>2</sup>	1,009	400	597	848	1,225	1,651		
Bachelor's degree only	723	390	563	795	1,129	1,522		
Advanced degree	286	449	730	987	1,446	2,001		

<sup>1</sup> Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

degrees.

NOTE: Ten percent of all full-time wage and salary workers earn less than the upper limit of the first decile; 25 percent earn less than the upper limit of the first quartile; 50 percent earn less than the upper limit of the second quartile, or

median; 75 percent earn less than the upper limit of the third quartile; and 90 percent earn less than the upper limit of the ninth decile. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes persons with a bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral